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TRUTH, JUSTICE AND THE CONSTITUTION.

BY L. D. STARKE. ELIZABETH CITY, N. C., TUESDAY MORNING, APRIL 15, 1856. VOL. 6---NO. 39

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L. D. STARKE,

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POETRY.

From the Savannah Republican.

SUCH IS LIFE.

ood beside me in the hour
en plighted vows were made,
eemed like a transplanted flower
m Eden's sunny glade—
ght she was! her brow without
shadow of a shade.

as the watchword of her soul,
one was by her side,
oped, ere long, to claim her as
cherished chosen bride—
r shall forget his look
mingled love and pride.

ne, full soon, united them,
then there seemed to be
ul above their happiness—
oh! we could not see
rkness that was gathering,
so fearfully.

loving hearts so pure, so true
e destined to be riven;
on its way.
charge already given,
was to bear soul from earth,
ly trust, to Heaven.

he left her; one short year
lded bliss was theirs;
bright with smiles of hope,
ed with bitter tears
night of gloom,

voice would learn,
the absent one;
another message came—
sister was alone.

ah no, her trust is there,
doth her loves one dwell;
them in the Better Land,
chorus swell;
she weeps, she ever says,
doeth all things well." M. E. B.

MISCELLANEOUS.

PRIVATEER AND ITS VICTIM.

A TALE OF THE PACIFIC.

the present republics of South
were struggling to throw off the
ld Spain, there was but little law
the deep solitudes of the Pa-
except that of might. The
g or the dashing schooner,
death-dealing engines, a
quently among which might
be observed amidships, as
conscious of his superiority, the
, a magazine full of powder, a
complement of other ammunition
arms, a ruffian for a commander,
dred of all climes for a crew,
the materials composing the so-
nious privateers. The com-
his period between the East In-
outh America were almost de-
nd at the close of the war there
few merchantmen carrying the
ag that dared show it on this
pe Horn.

er, at the time spoken of, there
who braved all dangers. It was
n of a fine Spanish barque of
tons burthen, that was lying at
taking in a rich cargo of Chi-
s; and she had also on board
es of bullion, amounting in all to
,000, consigned to a merchant
a. Close by her lay at anchor,
her like a tiger, a low built, ra-
maphrodite vessel, suspected by
seamen of being a reckless pri-
ller numerous crew of ruffianly
n, the squareness of her yards,
twelve pounders, and the repub-
at her peak, all confirmed, to the
nautical affai s the above opin-
Spaniard was also well armed,
ous crew, and was a fast vessel:
standing he was forewarned of
er's intent on to attack him so
left the neutral port he wes then
to sea as soon as his vessel had
her loading. Accordingly, so
e Spaniard worked down to the
ris, the privateer followed suit,
ame afternoon that the Spaniard
running before a strong breeze
ant port, the privateer got under
followed in his wake; and many
ws of different vessels lying in
ss expected in a few days to see
ard bark return captive to her
ollower:

fter the two vessels had left the
aters, and when both, with all
were supposed to be lost, a small
on ing to the East India Compa-
n aing before a delicious tropical
the Pacific Ocean. It was about
the middle watch; the officer of the deck was leaning over the quarter rail gazing into the deep gloom of the surrounding ocean, while a group of talkative seamen were on the forecastle spinning yarns of their last cruise on shore, when one of them rising up, exclaimed: 'Hollo! what is that?' 'By golly,' answered another, 'it was the flash of a gun hereaway to windward.' 'Flash of a gun! more likely to be lightning,' said another. 'That's my opinion,' chimed in the captain of the forecastle, 'or a fire made by the natives of one of those islands that lie hereabouts.' 'There it is again,' said he, as a faint light flickered for a moment in the gloom of the far-off horizon.

There was now a general commotion on board, for even at that date the Pacific was enlivened by the doings of the picarooning craft, after all legitimate privateering had ceased. In a few minutes the crew of our little vessel were at their stations, ready to receive a foe, if foe it proved to be. To make all things sure, the officer of the deck went below and examined the chart, to see if any islands were in this track; but no land, or even a bank was marked near the spot; all was shown to be the clear, open sea.

'Heave the deep sea lead,' said the officer of the watch when he returned to the deck. In a few minutes soundings were found at sixty fathoms. He then shortened sail and kept the lead going, as he was certain that land or a shoal was near. At daylight the low outline of a small island was distinctly visible about six miles to the eastward, and as it was not down in the best charts, the captain determined to examine it, and accordingly worked the vessel up to an anchorage, and sent a couple of boats on shore.

Opposite the place where they had anchored was an opening about one hundred feet wide, where the sea entered into a kind of lagoon. This beautiful basin appeared to have been the crater of a volcano in former years, and seemed more like the work of art than the production of nature. It was perfectly round, and probably two miles in circumference, with a depth of water of sixty or seventy fathoms to within a short distance of its sides. After climbing up to the higher parts of the island, it was found to consist of undulating plains, with masses of rocks interspersed here and there, and with patches of the greenest verdure, covered with the feathery foliage of the palm and banana, and deep, compact form of bread fruit tree. No animal life could be seen or heard but the wheeling about and discordant screams of sea birds. The view from above the basin below was most beautiful: it had the appearance of an immense porringer, with a fra ture next the sea; within all was calm and bright as the most transparent crystal, the banks and trees being reflected in its unruffled, mirror-like surface, while outside, the sea was rising in upon the beach and among the rocks, in marked contrast to the repose within.

While they were rambling among the cliffs, one of the seamen saw a smoke curling up from the palms at the opposite extremity of the Island, and it was at once conjectured that the trees were on fire, and that it was the faint light seen the night before. But who set them on fire? That was a mystery they determined to clear at once by marching to the grove; so they rolled on, like sailors on a land cruise, shouting and making all the noise possible, when in the midst of their fun they were surprised to see a man, a stranger to their party. He advanced towards them, and when within speaking distance, hailed them in Spanish, which luckily was understood by one of their number. After their astonishment had abated, they demanded how many comrades he had with him on the island, how he came there, and how long he had inhabited the place? But as the answering of these questions might unship the thread of our yarn, we will let this modern Cruso spin his own: but we will inform the reader that he was the captain of the Spanish vessel which left China some twenty years before, chased by the privateer; so his yarn will commence the history of that cruise where we left the two vessels, hull down at sea.

When he had introduced his visitors into the cave where he lived, and they had comfortably brought themselves at anchor on the surrounding rocks, he said:

'When I saw the privateer was on our track, I crowded on all the sail the vessel could carry, and held my own with the brigantine for nearly three weeks; but from some cause or other, perhaps from alteration of trim, she at least gained upon us, and brought her bow-chasers to bear. We then kept up a running fight, which eventually was the means of destroying both. I knew that if I allowed the privateers to board me, that all hope must cease on my part, on account of the disparity of the numbers of our crews; so I packed on sail after sail, until my vessel fairly staggered under the weight of her canvass. We continued in this way for three days, doing each other but little damage, on account of unsteadiness of aim, owing to the heave of the sea. Ultimately the breeze freshened into a gale, and as I feared to take in sail I carried all my sticks would bear. Day and night the long chase continued, and many a dark night as we dashed along at a maddening speed, I feared some accident might happen to us both. It was to be so, for on the third night of the gale, my bark suddenly struck on the reef surrounding this island. Down came my masts, and the heavy seas forced my vessel on the rocks, washing my men overboard and dashing everything to pieces that came within its fury. It being dark the privateer, who was eagerly bent on our destruction, came plunging on, struck heavily upon the same reef, about a quarter of a mile from the spot where we were fast breaking to pieces. I shall never be able to blot from my memory the horrors of that night—the shrieks of dying wretches, and the curses of a set of demons, who, to avoid meeting death manfully, deprived themselves of their reason with liquor, and jumped like maniacs into eternity. At length the morning dawned, and showed us our true position, (for both vessels held together through the night.) We found ourselves on the south side of the island, about a quarter of a mile from the entrance to the lagoon, and so near the shore that if we could have maintained order in the night many lives might have been saved and much misery avoided. It was now no time to be idle, so the boats from both vessels were manned and stores landed; and by sunset the greater part of our provisions landed, for our common calamity had made friends of us all, and we worked together for the general good. The same cave served as a magazine for our powder, and our firearms were piled amicably side by side in the same tent. We worked at the same raft which conveyed to the beach the spars, sails, masts, yards, &c, from which we raised capital tents for us all. Fifteen from the brig and twelve from my bark lost their lives through the night. The night after we had emptied the wrecks of their cargoes and stores, they went to pieces. At first we felt as though we had lost the only link that connected our fate with civilization.

In this state, a month or two passed away, and the most industrious of our community cultivated a piece of ground. Potatoes were planted, and wheat and barly; used on board to feed poultry, were sown; each man felt himself the owner of something; and thus, while the occupation of sowing and expectation of reaping occupied their minds, but little thought was bestowed on the chance of our return to civilization. Although no outward act showed it still deceit and mistrust was at work. A half a dozen of the privateer's men, who kept themselves aloof from the rest, and who were lazy and fond of drink, were constantly quarrelling; the monotony of their life was their chief curse, and led to intoxication for relief. At last this conduct set the example to others, and ultimately the majority of the privateers, and many of my Spaniards, considered grog as their best friend. The demon of mischief, however, was the eleven cases of bullion which we had landed amongst the rest of the cargo, which occasioned a commotion between the men. They deemed the treasure of no importance, until one morning our hopes were brightened that there was a possibility of our one day being taken off the Island by seeing a ship pass within a few miles. We shouted, waved flags and fired muskets, but all to no purpose; as the surf was heavy, the roaring of it drowned our feeble voices. Doubtless they thought on board they had discovered an island, as they stood in close and appeared to examine the rocks which surrounded the Island, then bore away on their course, and we never saw them more. But this little episode in our existence was pregnant with momentous results. The drunken part of the privateer's men saw at once that in the event of a ship again making the Island and landing, that party having possession of the bullion would be considered owners, and they demonstrated that the bark and her rich cargo would have been their prize if both vessels had not been wrecked; and that they were therefore still entitled to whatever might remain as spoils of war.

A dispute arose between us in consequence of this demand, which ended in fatal affrays; and in about an hour, the root of all evil changed owners, and six of my Spaniards and five of the privateers lost their lives. Worse followed; murder was let loose upon the Island; my crew looked upon this as an act of aggression, and they fancied the privateers might in some moment of passion do them some injury, and from that day mutual hatred, suspicion, and a desire to have the bullion, possessed both crews. The Spaniards, too; thirsted for revenge, and took the drunken privateersmen at a disadvantage, when they were intoxicated, and in one night murdered them but two, who escaped to the woods: but they were discovered the next day and dispatched without mercy. Now my crew, reduced to six men, and myself, were the sole survivors of both vessels.—It seemed as though heaven had fulminated its vengeance against them, for one by one, my companions were sinking into the grave, and the dread of being the last man was unbearable. After the destruction of the privateers, we went on pretty well for about two years, as I supposed, for we had lost our reckoning, when we were again gladdened by the sight of another vessel standing towards the Island. This time we determined not to miss her, and as she neared the reef that surrounds the Island, my remaining hands manned the now rotten old boat belonging to the bark, and at a great risk made a dash through the terrific surf that at all times breaks on the shore, but it was at the cost of their lives that they put to sea; their return to their friends and the world depended upon it, but their exertions were in vain, for the boat was incapable of sustaining the heavy roll of surf, and after a few minutes struggling, she sunk, and every soul perished; and the ship weathered the Island and was soon out of sight. I was now the last one. I stood a solitary and deserted wretch, the only living being within thousands of miles. Oh! the mournful silence that creeps over nature in the calm of the evening and makes one feel that man was not made for seclusion: and as I have repeatedly swept the wide horizon with my glass, in hopes of a coming vessel, I have felt the cold and dreary misery of utter desolation. Again and again the same sunset, and no vessel appeared like some angel of light to rescue me from worse than death; again and again I went back to my cave, and offered up prayer after prayer for help.—My prayers have been heard, for they were sincere.'

The Spaniard was then taken together with his eleven cases of bullion, on board the vessel to the crew of which he had related his story, and eventually found his way to a port in South America, where he still resides, having there found the owners of the treasure, to whom he returned it, and by their bounty is enabled to pass the latter part of his life in ease and plenty, relating the adventures of his eventful life as he did the above to the writer.—*San Francisco Golden Era.*

OUR MINISTER'S PURCHASE.

'Are those all you have for sale?' said Mr. Hale, as he stood in the yard before Debray's stable, while the salesman walked about a low heavy built grey horse, and a rawny large-boned racker.

'Yes sir, these are all we have to-day, except a young mare, that I don't think you'd like. Jim, lead out the black filly,' and the clumsy Irish ostler proceeded to pull out with jerks and twitches, a small, rough-coated animal, whose bleeding mouth and scared flanks showed that she had been unmercifully treated.

She resented the ostler's rough handling with spirit, still she did not look vicious. There was no fiery, ugly gleim of the eye, but on the contrary, a pleading expostulation with the coarse creature, who giving her a blow and a kick, to make her show off, brought her up with a jerk of the halter, that almost broke her slender neck.

'We've sold her twice, but had her returned,' said the salesman. 'She'sa gentle as a lamb unless she gets her temper up, then she's a regular devil, and for all she's so small, she's strong and fierce as a lion when she's roused.'

'I guess Bill Smith 'll have her, and he'll break her temper or her neck.'

Going up to her Mr. Hale spoke kindly, patted her neck which was still quivering with pain from the pressure of the halter, passed his hand caressingly over her nose, and flung back the heavy mane that was tangled and knotted about her eyes.

The poor creature seemed to know at once that he was of a different nature from her old tormentors, and with a gentle whinny, laid her head confidingly on his shoulder, while her large hazel eyes filled with something very much like tears.

She was not such a horse as he wanted, —her spirit seemed broken, except when engaged, and she had been abused and neglected till she was anything but a beauty, still her head was well formed, and her eyes almost human in their expression. If her coat could be made smooth she might possibly pass, without exciting remark.

Mr. Hale liked to drive a good-looking animal as well as any one, and he hesitated for some time, but he could not resist her pleading look, to be taken from her brutal owners.

'I think I will take her,' he said at length. 'I will send for her this afternoon,' and paying the price asked, which was not large, he left the yard, followed by the imploring gaze of the poor beast, whose instinct readily recognized his kindness and humanity, but did not comprehend that he was to be her future master.

It was not until quite dark that Mr. Hale dispatched his Irish boy for his new purchase, and for several weeks she was allowed to remain quietly in the stable.

During this time Dennis worked assiduously under Mr. Hale's direction, in clearing the knots from her luxuriant mane, and brushing its full waves to a shining gloss. Her rough coat yielded readily to high keeping and care, giving in its jetty blackness, and silky softness, sure proof of good blood.

It was evident that she had always been ruled through fear but she was peculiarly susceptible to his kindness, and Mr. Hale thought what time he could spare from duty and study well spent in teaching her to love and obey him. He called her Pysche, and the name seemed very appropriate, for her slender form, and jetty blackness, united with a capricious gracefulness, made her much more beautiful than her master had anticipated.

Dennis had been very indignant when she first come home. He had boasted to the neighboring boys of the 'splendid creature' his master was about to purchase, and his first sight of 'the little black devil,' as he called her under his breath, had sorely vexed him. But he soon came interested in her, and as she grew in beauty under his hands, his pleasure and his pride knew no bounds.

He would follow her with his eyes, as Mr. Hale drove away, and fairly caper with the delight as after a little playful caroling, with many a toss of her beautiful head, she would spring off, throwing the miles behind her in fine style.

He learned her many tricks. She would carry and fetch his coat when ordered.

One day when her provender had not been given her as usual, to his great delight he found her patiently tugging at the string of the oat bag. He was never weary of recounting her exploits to his master, who, for his part, found the exercise and excitement of driving her ladyship very agreeable and beneficial, after the confinement of the study, and for some time, the pleasure both experienced was unalloyed.

But trouble was brewing for Pysche, who to repay the kindness of her master, put on a thousand graceful airs, and assumed a dainty tread, not at all ministerial.

Martingal and check availed not; though perfectly kind, she persisted in arching her neck, tossing her mane, and prancing in a very undignified manner. She seemed to take special delight when passing Deacon Saunders's house, in pretending to see all sorts of bugbears about the yard, and dilating nostril, flashing eye, and timid bound, were pretty to see, or would have been, in any but a minister's horse. The poor deacon was sadly tried about it. He had been one of Mr. Hale's warmest friends, but how could he countenance such doings as these. It was a new phase in his ministerial experience. Old Dr. Dow, under whose preaching he was converted, drove a horse who never forgot the dignity of her station, so far as to exceed a fast walk, on any occasion, and he could not help feeling scandalized at such an innovation on the old customs.

So much was his mind exercised upon the subject, he felt it to be his duty to expostulate with his pastor. Mr. Hale heard him with a quiet smile and endeavored to soften his animosity to poor Pysche, by telling him of her docility and gentleness, but to no purpose. He left him not in anger but with a lengthened visage, and a sorrowful shake of the head.

The good deacon lived just below the parsonage in an old farm house, whose projecting roof, where the swallows colonized, wide stone-floored porch, and a large yard shaded by Lombardy poplars, gave it a venerable, partriarchal aspect.

The yard, with its carpet of emerald turf, was the play ground of the deacon's grandson a little black eyed fellow, whose father, having gone to the land of gold, had placed his wife and year old boy in his father's house for safety and protection.—The child was the idol of his grand-parents and the pet of the whole village. Mr. Hale often walked down to the gate to caress him, and sometimes lifted him over, and set him upon Pysche's back, who seemed to know that, with such a delicate, precious burden, she must be very gentle, and paced slowly about, now and then looking back, as if to see that he was securely seated.

A few rods above the parsonage a noisy, brawling brook makes its way over a huge base that covers nearly an acre of ground. In the summer it dwindles to an insignificant stream and a small pool of muddy water; but in the spring, when swollen by the melting snows, it runs with a swift current, and in some places the lake is quite deep. A patch is laid out around it, and a flight of rude steps, up to the side of the rock, leads to a shady walk above, much frequented by the villagers on summer evenings.

One bright May morning, not long after the deacon han urged Mr. Hale to sell Pysche, Mary Saunders sat inditing a letter to her absent husband, and she told him of the pleasant home he had provided for her in his absence, and descanted upon Willy's goodness and beauty; she forebore to tell him the rogue had already upset an inkstand upon her snowy wrapper, now hung about, distracting her mind by his childish questions. Unable to proceed while thus annoyed, she tied on his little straw hat and scarf, and sent him out into the yard, where the grass was just springing, and the lilac trees bursting into bloom.

Congratulating herself that he would be safely amused for an hour, she returned to her letter, and soon forgot all things else.

Willy was very happy for a while in watching the robins who flew from limb to limb of the old poplars, and the swallows, who were bringing mud for their nest, beneath the eaves; but he soon got tired of these, and leaning against the gate, looked wistfully out into the street.

Soon he espied the latch. It was a perfect mystery to him how it was to be unfastened; but standing on tip-toe, his little fingers soon pressed with sufficient force upon the thumb piece to lift it, and the gate swung gently open. Peeping out, first on one side, then on the other, to be sure no cows were near, and casting a furtive glance towards the house, as if he expected he was not doing quite right, he ventured out upon the grassy sidewalk.—The yellow dandelions and the bright king cups beckoned him on, as they peeped out from under the fence, and soon filled his hat with their gay blossoms, and he wandered on towards the pond and brook, which, still swollen by the spring rains, attracted him by its noise as it fell over the rocks.

At the end of an hour Mary Saunders had finished her letter, and placing her writing materials in a rosewood desk, her husband's last gift, she turned with a bright smile to the window, to see what pretty mischief or cunning roguery Willy might be doing. But no Willy was in sight. The gate stood ominously open, and catching her sun bonnet she darted into the street. 'Willy, Willy,' she called, but no answer.

Looking down she espied his tiny tracks in the soft earth, outside the grass, and with a beating heart she saw they led towards the pond.

With new fears she almost flew on, the little foot prints still tending towards the water. The flowers he had picked she found scattered by the margin of the pond, and on the steps his hat, still holding a few of its gaudy treasures. Mary's strength was scarce sufficient to make the accent, and on reaching the top, what was horror to see Willy standing in the middle of the stream, on a large flat rock, that just showed itself above the stream for more than half its width. The water beneath it was deep, and ran with a swift current, into which he was throwing the last of his flowers, and watching with glee their rapid progress towards the fall. Poor Mary was no heroine. With one piercing shriek she fell senseless to the earth.

Willy, hearing the cry and seeing his mother, instead of going back to the bank, took one step towards her, and plunged beneath the swift running stream. Mary's cry had reached the ears of Dennis, who was at work in a field near by, and Willy's screams, as the water closed over him, convinced him from which direction it came. With all possible speed he was at the water's side, where he found Mary lying as one dead, and caught sight of Willy as the rushing waters bore him over the smooth surface of the rock into the lake beneath. It is impossible to give any idea of the terrific cries with which Dennis filled the air as he ran like one frantic along the shore.

Men at work in their fields listened a moment, and feeling that something unusual must be the cause, dropped hoe and spade, and hastened in the direction from whence they came.

Housewives with uncovered heads and bared arms darted from every house, and children of all ages swelled the flying crowd.

Deacon Saunders, who was storing wheat in his granary, recognized Dennis's voice, and with an undefined presentiment that it was something in which he had a deep interest, ran as fast as his old limbs would allow, in the direction all were taking.

But had Willy's safety depended upon human aid, he would never have smiled upon his graddfather again.

Pyche, who had been turned out to roll in the sand and refresh herself by a nible from the roadside, was among the first to hear Dennis's cries. She was accustomed to all kinds of noises from the boy, and usually expected that he was calling her to partake of some dainty when she heard his voice, so pricking up her ears she cantered towards the lake, which she reached just as Willy rose for the first time.

With a low whinny of recognition, not unmixed with fear, the beautiful creature lowered her head, and, as he came to the surface again, plunged in and swam with vigorous strokes towards him.

It was something more than instinct—it was an Almighty hand that directed the noble beast and taught her care, in striking out, with her iron bound hoofs, as she neared Willy, and the same hand guided her, as, plunging her slender head beneath the waves, she caught the scarf that was about his neck, in her teeth, and drew his head above the water. The scarf was a thick cashmere, and held him securely; so Pysche, turning with her precious burden fast in her mouth, swam steadily towards the shore. Her sable face gave striking contrast between her jet black coat, glistening with water, which ran in streams from both.

A crowd had collected upon the bank, and foremost of them all stood the deacon with clasped hands, his white hair streaming in the wind, and nerves stretched to utmost tension, he watched the gallant animal.

It was he who received from her mouth his darling pet, but held him only to assure himself that his life was not extinct, and then consigned him to his mother, who had recovered from her swoon, and a hundred helping hands, that were readily extended for the relief of the little sufferer.

With streaming eyes the good deacon turned to Pysche, who stood with drooping head and panting sides, looking very tired, but still very much interested in the restoration of her little friend, whom she followed with her eyes till he was borne out of sight. Tenderly and carefully the deacon wiped the water from her shining coat, and then without speaking, which he had not done since first startled from labor by Dennis's cries, he led her to his own stable.

Mr. Hale had been absent all this time, and knew nothing of the accident, until, on coming in sight of the old farm house, what was his surprise to see Pysche standing in the yard, covered with one of Mrs. Saunders's otter colored bed puffs, making a very ludicrous figure, with her black head and flowing tail in bold relief at either end.

'God bless you, Mr. Hale,' said the deacon, as he wrung his pastor's hand, 'for not minding the words of a foolish man. Had you sold Pysche, my boy had now been a corpse.'

DOESTICKS INSTIGATED BY DAMPHOOL AND THE DEVIL, JOINS THE KNOW NOTHINGS.

Knowing more about selling groceries than politics or religion, but I was scared to death by Damphool and others of his kin and name, told me if I didn't join the Know Nothings I'd be burst up, broiled on grid irons by the Catholics; also, that the Irish often burned natives, then fricaseed them as a choice foreign lunch; didn't like to be burnt or fricaseed; told them I'd join.

Started at 12 o'clock at night, went down town, then up town; met watchman; Damphool and he turned round three times, then stood on one leg; Damphool then said; 'Highcatalorum, go ahead,' Damphool said watchman was one of em. Went thro' seven back streets, then along a cross street to near where we started; dived down cellar steps, door; Damphool whoo-whoo'd like an owl three times; knocked door three times: door opened, dark as as Egypt; tied handkerchief over my eyes; another door opened; rattling of chains and strong smell of sulphur; thought my time had come and tried to pray, but couldn't think of anything but 'now I lay mown to sleep.'—They led me in, threw me on all fours, hit me nine cracks with a paddle on unmentionable place (tuck two pins in the same, blated like a billy goat, then generally overhauling of the whole company. Raised me up and took off handkerchief, saw a large crowd with fool's caps on, pigs ears sticking up. Big picture on the wall: Christ crucified underneath in large letters, the words, 'The work of catholics;' thought it was the Jews, wan't certain now. Damphool led me up to the man with the biggest ears of any, behind the table; made me kneel down; man with the biggest ears said: You solemnly swear, told him I'd swear to anything—don't know what I did swear—was so skeerd. Man with big ears told me I was a member of the transient and honorable order of the Know-Nothings—made him a bow—told him I was much obleeged, and took a seat. Song by the whole house:

'Possom up a gum stump,
Raccoon in a hollow, &c.,'

After the song the man with the big ears offered up a big prayer, that the land be delivered from the Pope—the devil—and from furriners in general,' to which some said amen, some bravo, and a few encore. Man with the big ears then stated that the business for that night was to decide upon a candidate for Congress; said they had nine hundred and twenty-seven candidates; didn't know how it was; didn't understand it; but one thing—he know'd he wasn't going to give up his claim; wished he might be tetotally exfuneticated if he was.' Several with smaller ears, then said, them was exactly their sentiments, but thought a little delay wouldn't hurt.—Better count noses first.

Meeting then broke up; went home and sent to an apothecary for Jew David's Hebrew Plaster; couldn't set down for three days—effects of paddle.

Damphool called to see me; talked politics; told him I should vote for Stephens. He said I shouldn't had sworn not to; told him I'd quit; said I'd loose my custom; K. N's wouldn't trade with me; called me a traitor, purjurer and all that. Don't know what to do, reckon I'll have to stick to 'em.

VARIETY.

☞ A man ceases to be a 'good fellow,' the moment refuses to do precisely what other people wish him to do.

☞ The young lady who fell in love has just been pulled out by the daring fellow who successfully struggled with the world.

The verdict of a recent Coroner's jury on a man who died in a state of inebriation, was somewhat unique,—'Death by hanging—round a rum shop.'

'You bachelors ought to be taxed,' said a lady to a resolute evader of the nose matrimonial. 'I agree with you perfectly, ma'am,' was the reply, 'batchelorism certainly is a luxury.'

☞ 'Tom,' said a man to his friend. 'I think it highly dangerous to keep the bills of small banks on hand now-a-days.' 'Tim,' answered the other, 'I find it more difficult than dangerous.'

☞ A young man in one of our western towns has patronized the fine arts so far as to buy a picture of the Temptation of Adam and Eve. Some one asked him if it was a chaste picture? 'Why, yes,' he said, 'chased by a snake.'

Horne Tooke was the son of a dealer in poultry, which he alluded to when called upon by the proud stripling of Eton school in England, to describe himself.

'I am,' said young Herne, 'the son of an eminent Turkey merchant.'

☞ A young lady committed suicide, the other day, in Charleston because her lover at parting with her, had kissed her cheek, instead of her lips as usual. He had never been so 'cruel,' she said, and from that moment life became a burden to her.

A drunken fellow, having sold all his goods to maintain himself at his glass except his bed, at last made away with it too. Being reproved by his friends, 'Why,' said he, 'I am very well, thank God, and why should I keep my bed?'

☞ Hope writes the poetry of a boy, but memory that of a man. Man looks forward with smiles, but backward with sighs. Such is the wise Providence of God. The cup of life is sweetest at the brim; the flavour is impaired as we drink deeper, and the dregs are made bitter, that we may not struggle when it is taken from our lips.

☞ A very good-natured gentleman, with a very long nose, was one day walking down a narrow street; two or three very quizzical ladies, with very ill grace, paussed in their way and looked steadfastly at the gentleman's nose when he good humoredly placed his finger on its tip, and pressing it to one side, laughingly said, 'Now, ladies, you have room to pass.'

☞ A countryman entered Mr. Whipple's Daguerreotype saloon, Boston, a few days since, and wished a daguerreotype of his uncle.

'I can do it sir; but where is he?'

'Oh, he's dead,' was the simple reply; I've got a description of him in an old passport.'

Affecting. Quite.—'Now, Charley,' said a youthful swell, 'you're just in time for breakfast—have a cup of coffee.'—Dandy swell.—(probably in some government office.) 'Thanks, no; I assuah you my de-ah fellah, if I was take a cup of coffee in the mawning, aw, it would keep me awake all day, aw!'

☞ 'What' exclaimed the accomplished and fashionable Fitzwiggle to the exquisite Miss De La Sparrowgrass; 'what would you be, dearest, if I should press the stamp of love upon those sealing-wax lips?' 'I should then be stationary,' replied the young lady.

☞ 'Sonny, who is your father?'

'Mr. Jenkins.'

'What Jenkins?'

'The Jenkins what kicked you yesterday for 'sassing' our servant girl.'

It is unnecessary to say that the examination stopped there.

☞ Dr. Graham, who was sentenced to the State's Prison at Sing-Sing for a number of years, in consequence of the homicide of Col. Loring, at St. Nicholas Hotel is said to be so ill that it is not thought he will live. the Doctor was made Apothecary when he enterd the prison, and many persons grumble because he was not made to labor like the more common convicts. It seems that his immunities did not preserve his health or keep up his spirits.

☞ A master who had a remarkably fiery nose occasioned by his partiality for a liquor distilled mostly from corn, having fallen asleep in his chair, a negro boy, who was in waiting, observed a mosquito hovering around his face. He eyed the insect very attentively; at last he saw it light on his master's nose and immediately fly off.

'Ah, bless your heart!' exclaimed the negro, me glad to see you burn your foot.

☞ An Irishman was a few days ago brought before a justice at Bristol, England, on a charge of having six wives.—The magistrate asked him how he could be so hardened a villain to delude so many.

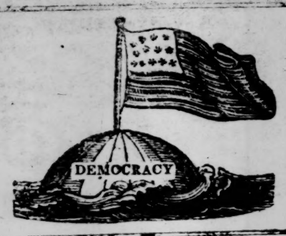
'Plase your lordship,' said Pat, 'I was trying to get a *good one*.'

'Well,' said the magistrate, 'I shall have to comit you for being such a goose—you might try a hundred and not get a good one.'

A Woman's Idea of Happiness.—A lady correspondent of the Boston Times gives her idea 'of perfect bliss' in the following paragraph:

'I'm a woman, with woman's weakness, and having a good constitution, can bear a great deal of happiness! If I was asked my idea of perfect bliss, I should say a fast horse, a duck of a cutter, plenty of buffalo robes, a neat fitting overcoat with a handsome man in it, and—one of M'me Walsh's little French bonnets! If that wouldn't be happiness for one life-time, I'm open to conviction as to what would!'

Democratic Pioneer.



TUESDAY MORNING, April 15, 1856.

THE DISTRICT CONVENTION.

The official proceedings of the Democratic Convention held at Edenton last Tuesday, will be found elsewhere in to-day's paper; but we should be delinquent in our duty and wanting in a due appreciation of the political character and influence of that assemblage, if we permitted the occasion to pass by without a more detailed expression of the infinite variety of sources of gratification furnished by it. In numbers, talent and character, it was the most respectable political Convention that has been held in the District for some time; and was about as far ahead of the K. N. Convention held at the same place a few weeks before, as the sun is ahead of a farthing rushlight in brilliancy. Its proceedings were not only characterized by an play of that genuine old-fashioned enthusiasm which breathes energy and presages success. It was a demonstration, which filled the hearts of the Democracy with gladness, and gave greater tone and buoyancy to their feelings. Nor was this all; for while it was "a feast of reason and a flow of soul" to our party, it was a *bitter dose* to our opponents. It was above the reach of ridicule, and none but pettifoggers by trade would venture to assail it in that form. But we will give a few cursory glimpses at its detailed proceedings.

The Convention embodied a fine array of speaking talent, as well as a large audience of eloquent listeners. The first speech on the occasion was delivered by the Hon. H. M. Shaw, in response to a general call made upon him by the Convention. This effort was worthy of its distinguished author, and produced a telling effect upon his large audience of Democrats and Know Nothings.

Wm. F. Martin, Esq., also yielded to the general desire of the Convention, and addressed it in his usually felicitous and effective style, presenting facts and arguments in a most pleasing and agreeable form.

John W. Albertson, Esq., next took the floor. This gentleman had but recently shaken off the dust of Know-Nothingism from his garments and taken a position among the Democracy of the country.—Great interest was manifested to hear him; and his effort fully realized the expectations of the Democrats and the fears of the Know-Nothings. It was a powerful exposition of the corruption and trickery of the Order. Mr. A traced its rise and progress with great perspicuity; and by force of sheer necessity found himself drifting towards the Democracy, until the crowning mockery of the Philadelphia Convention completed the work of chicanery and wrong, and set him flat-footed upon the Democratic platform. Mr. A. exposed the Abolition proclivities of Know-Nothingism—the fraud practised by them in pretending to oppose Catholics and in admitting Catholics to seats in their Convention, as well as their wiring and trimming generally. He wielded the broad-axe of truth with terrible effect upon his former associates, and their writhings and contortions gave unmistakeable evidences of a terrible soreness. He lashed them unmercifully. He had seen "Sam"—knew all about him, and his exsociation of that hybrid individual was all the more scathing because of his former connexion with him. They winced awfully, but had to "grin and bear it" as best they could. This speech was full of excellent sense—excellent reasoning, and excellent effects. His former high position in the ranks of the Order made his declarations all the more galling to his late admirers. With such staunch old-line Whigs as Oliver and Caruthers, of Missouri, Pike of Arkansas, Albertson and others of North Carolina, repudiating the late action of the Know-Nothings, what chance will that rotten concern have of success? We need hardly say, that Mr. Albertson's speech was received with repeated and long-continued cheers.

Spirited and stirring addresses were also delivered by Messrs. W. A. Moore and E. C. Hines, of Edenton. These concluded the speaking for the day. And, after the transaction of the ordinary business of the Convention—the adoption of an admirable series of resolutions—the appointment of Elector, Delegates to the Cincinnati Convention, &c., the body dispersed in the best possible spirit, carrying to their respective counties the enthusiasm engendered in the Convention.

☞ We were pleased to understand that the proprietors of the stage line between this place and Norfolk, reduced the fare one half, for all delegates attending either the Greensboro', or Raleigh Convention. This is a spirit of liberality and impartiality, which cannot fail to receive its just reward.

☞ We have received the May No. of that excellent monthly periodical, Arthur's Home Magazine.

SEWELL RECAPTURED.

This notorious individual, whose escape from the jail of Perquimans county we chronicled last week, has been recaptured and again locked up in his old quarters, which have been secured by additional precautions, that will render any further attempt at escape utterly abortive. He was taken in Gates County, near Sunsbury, on the main road to Suffolk. He offered no resistance—indeed was incapable of offering any, having been almost wholly disabled by being frost-bitten during the severe weather of the winter. In passing through Hertford last week, soon after his recapture, we had some curiosity to see the *modus operandi* by which he effected his escape. It was engenious enough. With a pocket-knife and a small piece of steel band taken from his valise, he cut his way through a four-inch bar of oak timber, thus getting into the passage and secreting himself under the stairway while the servant carried his dinner up to him. This done, and no suspicion being aroused as to his having left his cell, he had little difficulty in making good his escape. He seems to be in fine spirits, and treats his late exploit as a capital joke!

THE DEMOCRACY OF THE NORTH.

There was once a Whig party in the North—a party of known principles, compact strength, and high aspirations. In more recent times, there was a Know-Nothing party in the North. A party of pharisaical pretensions, secret organization, and insatiable appetite for public plunder. There is now neither Whig nor Know-Nothing party in the North. They have disappeared, and on their ruins Black Republicanism plants the pillars of its power.

It was only after a severe struggle that the Whig party of the North was absorbed by abolitionism. The Know-Nothing party made no resistance, but leapt with impatient desire into the embrace of the seductive harlot. From the incestuous connexion has sprung a great *Fusion Party*, which dominates the North, and threatens ruin to the country. In its vast coil every element of sedition, discontent, and lawless ambition is comprehended; and all the diverse materials are compressed into a sort of shape and unity. Against this monstrous combination the Democracy of the North, and the Democracy alone oppose a bold front, and proclaim eternal war. With the vigilance of the vestal virgin they have guarded the purity of their principles. With a martyr-spirit of self-devotion, they deliberately encountered the pains of political death, rather than abjured one article of their glorious faith. Prostrated for a time by the sudden storm of popular fanaticism which swept over the North, they have again assumed an erect and defiant attitude of resistance to the enemies of the Union and the Constitution. The result of recent elections in the North shows with what heroism they encounter the formidable foe, with what unshaken courage they sustain the charge of his motley hosts. All honor to the Democracy of the North! They contend single-handed against a confederacy of traitors, but the sympathies and prayers of patriots of all parties are with them to console in the hour of defeat, to encourage in the agony of unequal combat, and to exult and applaud in the joyous day of hard-won victory.—*Rich. Enquirer.*

MUNICIPAL ELECTION.

Portsmouth, Va., April 5.—The municipal election held here to-day resulted in the election of Dr. Jas. G Hodges, the democratic candidate for Mayor, and the entire democratic council ticket.

MUNICIPAL ELECTION.

Portland, Me., April 8th.—The Democrats and straight Whigs, united, carried all the wards and every office in the city, at the election yesterday.

THE DEMOCRATS AHEAD IN CLEVELAND.

Cleveland, O., April 8.—The elections here yesterday, resulted generally in favor of the Democrats. Know Nothingism is on its last legs.

ALBANY ELECTION.

Mr. Quackenbush (Dem) was elected Mayor yesterday; Paddock (Dem) Recorder and eight Democratic Aldermen to two Know Nothing and one Republican.

DEMOCRATIC TICKET ELECTED IN ST. LOUIS.

St. Louis, April 8.—Mr. Home the democratic Mayor, and the whole democratic ticket have been elected by a large majority, showing plainly that Know Nothingism cannot exist in the South or West.

Annapolis all Right.—The Municipal election in Annapolis, on the 7th resulted in the election of Democratic Mayor, three Democratic Aldermen, and a tie between the Democratic and Know Nothing candidates for Recorder

A Know Nothing Mayor was elected last spring by 113 majority—a small exemplification of *tables turned*

PARDON OF DR. GRAHAM.

New York, April 6.—Gov. Clarke yesterday pardoned Dr. Graham of New Orleans, who was sentenced to seven years' imprisonment for killing Col. Loring, at the St. Nicholas Hotel, in this city two years since.

PASSENGERS FOR NICARAGUA—DETENTION AND ARREST.

New York, April 8, P. M.—The steamer Orizaba sailed hence for Nicaragua to-day with five hundred passengers, after being detained an hour by the United States Marshal. That officer arrested three of those on board for alledged violation of the neutrality laws. All the others were allowed to depart; notwithstanding, there is a general belief here that the majority are destined to aid Walker in his Central American movements.

NAVAL APPOINTMENT

Washington, April 5th.—Capt. Wm. J. McCluney, returned from the East Indies in the frigate Powhatan, has been ordered to the command of the Norfolk Navy Yard, vice Commodore McKeever, deceased.

DEMOCRATIC DISTRICT CONVENTION.

In pursuance of previous notice, a Convention of the Democracy of the first Congressional District of North Carolina was held at Edenton, Tuesday, April 8th 1856.

Dr. J. F. Tompkins, of Edenton, called the Convention to order, and moved that Whitmel Stallings, Esq., of Gates, be appointed President, B. M. Baxter, Esq., of Currituck, first Vice President, and W. A. Ferguson, Esq., of Bertie, second Vice President. On motion of Dr. H. M. Shaw, L. D. Starke was appointed Secretary, and, on motion of Thomas Wilson, Esq., Dr. J. F. Tompkins was appointed assistant Secretary.

W. A. Moore, of Chowan, moved that those Democrats from the counties of the District present, who have not been regularly appointed delegates be invited to take seats in the Convention.

On motion, the Counties were called over, and the following gentlemen answered to their names:

Hertford—A. W. Darden, Dr. R. B. Baker, A. G. Britt.

Bertie—W. A. Ferguson, R. P. Freeman, J. W. Williford, James Ward, L. White, Kenneth L. Butler, James M. Butler, W. R. Powell, Aquile Ward, Joseph Davidson, Wm. A. Williams.

Washington—G. J. Cherry.

Gates—Whitmel Stallings, W. F. Riddick, W. M. Daughtrey, Riddick Gatling, Jr., C. E. Lowther.

Chowan—Dr. R. Dillard, E. Wright, Henderson Simpson, W. A. Moore, R. D. Simpson, Samuel Simpson, Thomas Evans, Caleb G. Perry, Richard Walton, John H. Leary, John C. Fleetwood, Richard Paxton, S. A. W. Righton, R R. Heath, D. McDonald, Thomas Gregory, Jas. S. Jackson, J. C. Badham, Dr. J. F. Tompkins, James Roberts, Samuel Buffkins, James Parrish, Wm. Badham, Jr., John G. Small, Riddick Mansfield, E. C. Hines, Cleaveland Sawyer, Lemuel Sawyer.

Perquimans—Wilson M. Fleetwood, Thomas B. Long, M. O. Jordan, E. W. Riddick, Joseph Mardri, James C. Skinner, Thomas Wilson, Abraham Bonner, Jonathan W. Albertson, Q. H. Trotman, T. Sutton, J. P. Jordan, Josiah Perry, Joshua C. White, Joseph Mardri, Jr.

Pasquotank—W. F. Martin, Dr. J. B. Godwin, L J. Johnson, L. D. Starke, W. C. Hunter, Dr. H. P. Ritter.

Currituck—Hon. H. M. Shaw, B. M. Baxter, W. Geo. Granbery, Edmond Simmons.

On motion of J. C. Badham, a committee of two from each county was appointed to prepare resolutions, expressive of the sense of the Convention. The following gentlemen were appointed said committee: Messrs. J. C. Badham, J. H. Leary, A. W. Darden, Dr. R. B. Baker, R. P. Freeman, J. W. Williford, G. J. Cherry, W. F. Riddick, Riddick Gatling, Jr., J. W. Albertson, E. W. Riddick, W. C. Hunter, L. J. Johnson, W. Geo. Granbery, E. Simmons.

During the retirement of the Committee, Hon. H. M. Shaw was enthusiastically called for, and responded in a speech of thrilling eloquence and overwhelming force

At the conclusion of his speech, the committee returned, and through their Chairman, J. C. Badham, Esq., submitted the following resolutions, which were unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That remembering the fidelity of Franklin Pierce to the Constitution, in his administration of the high trust reposed in him—remembering his last annual message, wherein Northern fanaticism is so pointedly rebuked, and a determination to protect the rights of the South so emphatically expressed, therefore, he, above all others is our first choice for the Presidency;—and, in consideration of his unblemished character, commanding abilities, and long public service, James Buchanan is our second choice for that exalted station. But though we would prefer one of these named, yet, we are not the less prepared to do yeoman service in behalf of any other man who will stand upon the broad principles of the Democratic party.

Resolved, That we recognize in the Federal Constitution a grant of express and implied powers—the former being those which appear upon the face of the instrument itself, the latter those absolutely necessary to effectuate the former—any looser construction than this is inconsistent with the object of fundamental law,—is opposed by the reluctance with which the State Governments surrendered any portion of their sovereignty—would impeach the wisdom and fidelity of its illustrious authors—would increase the ability of powerful and designing men, under the cloak of constitutionality, to damage the best interests of the people—in fine, would sap the Union of its strength, and render it susceptible of easy dissolution.

Resolved, That the States in their communication of power to the General Government, surrendered so much only as was clearly necessary to make it efficient, and cement the Union—that in all other respects they remained sovereign as before, and continue so to be—that it behooves us to guard this sovereignty with jealous watchfulness, confining the General Government strictly within the purposes of its creation, as upon the preservation of these reserved rights chiefly depend our domestic peace and happiness.

Resolved, That the Federal Constitution neither prohibits nor establishes slavery, but recognizes and protects it in State or Territory, wherever it finds it in existence—that the public domain is the common property of all the States, and, therefore, with regard to it, the rights of the several States are equal—that, as an inevitable result, the Southern slave-owner has the right to carry his slaves into Kansas and Nebraska, or any other Territory, and keep them there secure in the full enjoyment of their labor, standing on equal ground with the Northern millwright and clockmaker, until a prohibition thereof is legally incorporated by the people in their fundamental law.

Resolved, That we approve the Kansas and Nebraska act, especially that clause which repeals the Missouri Compromise—that said Compromise was a measure of vast injustice to the South—was irreconcilable with that immortal Compromise which resulted in this glorious Union, and these unequalled blessings—was violated by the North in the act admitting Missouri into the Union, and has many times since been repudiated and condemned by those who now clamor for its restoration, and was palpably inconsistent with the measures of Compromise adopted in 1850, as a final adjustment of the much vexed question of slavery.

Resolved, That we deplore the state of angry disagreement existing between the North and the South—a difference which had disturbed the public peace for more than thirty years, and has more than once brought the Union into peril—that the North has always been the aggressing, the South the aggrieved party—that the Democratic party is guiltless of either kindling or encouraging said agitation, but on the contrary, we are proud to be able to affirm, that the labors of that party have been unremitted to effect a peaceful settlement of the perplexing difficulty;—and now, while the fury of the storm increases, and dangers gather thicker and thicker around our beloved country, whatever there is of hope in the patriot's breast springs from an abiding confidence in the patriotic purposes of that noble organization.

Resolved, That the narrow policy of the Know-Nothing party stands in direct antagonism with the highest interests of the nation, sets at nought the patriotic counsels of our Republican Fathers, insults the memory of those gallant foreigners who, periling life and fortune, were earnest colaborers with our venerated ancestors in the desperate struggle for American Independence, closes the door to the weary and heavy-laden of other lands, who beg to eat with us of the bread of liberty, and condemns all those broad and generous sentiments which distinguish us as a people and constitute the foundation of our national greatness.

On motion of L. J. Johnson, the Convention then proceeded to the selection of an Elector for this District. Whereupon Wm. F. Martin, Esq., was unanimously chosen for that position.

After the applause with which this announcement was greeted had subsided, Mr. Martin arose and accepted the appointment in a speech full of eloquence and patriotic fervor.

It was moved and carried that the following gentlemen be appointed sub-electors for the several counties.

Bertie—Jas. B. Jordan.
Hertford—John Moore.
Washington—A. L. Chesson.
Gates—James Woodward.
Chowan—E. C. Hines.
Perquimans—J. C. Skinner.
Pasquotank—L. J. Johnson.
Camden—D. H. Tillitt.
Currituck—W. Geo. Granbery.
Martin—S. Watts.
Halifax—J. R. J. Daniel.
Northampton—E. Conigland.

Moved and carried that T. J. Person be appointed Sub-Elector for this District, at large.

On motion the Convention proceeded to the selection of two Delegates to the National Democratic Convention, to be held at Cincinnati in June next. Messrs. J. T. Granbery and T. J. Person were unanimously chosen.

On motion, W. A. Moore, of Edenton, and Dr. G. C. Moore, of Hertford, were appointed *alternates* to the National Convention.

After which the Convention was entertained by Messrs J. W. Albertson, W. A. Moore and E. C. Hines in eloquent and forcible speeches.

On motion, the thanks of the Convention were tendered to the officers for the efficient manner in which they had discharged their respective duties.

The proceedings of the Convention were ordered to be published in the Democratic Pioneer and Standard.

After which the Convention adjourned *sine die*.

WHITMEL STALLINGS, Pres't.

B. M. Baxter, W. A. Ferguson. } V. Pres'ts

L. D. Starke, J. F. Tompkins } Secretaries.

NEGRO MINSTRELSY DECLARED ILLEGAL.

A novel decision was rendered in the New York Supreme Court recently. The court affirmed the decision of the county court, which, in its turn had affirmed the decision of the justice of the peace, inflicting a fine of twenty-five dollars upon one Sharp, who, with his troupe, had given a performance of what is generally termed "Negro Minstrelsy" in the court house at Delhi. In the language of the court, "they appeared disguised, and dressed in Bloomer costume. They sang negro songs, performed in a grotesque manner, gave mock physocological lectures, and mesmerized each other, and performed feats with chairs on their heads." The court was of opinion that such performance came under the head of mountebankry.

Sad Casuality.—We regret to learn that Mr. Thomas A. Braswell, of the firm of Braswell & Cherry, of Wilson was drowned in Tar River near Taft's Landing on Thursday last. He was on the steamer Gov. Morehead, from Washington that morning, and when near the above places he saw some wild ducks in the river; he went into the Engineer's room to get a gun, and on his return, there being no railing on the steamer, stepped overbord with the gun in his hand and was seen no more. Efforts were made for his recovery, but in vain. He was about forty years of age and has left a wife to mourn her loss.—Tarboro' Southerner.

Killed with Joy.—A shoemaker at Lowestoff (Eng.) suddenly dropped down dead from the excitement at unexpectedly meeting his son in the streets after his return from the Crimea. He had known of his return, but came upon him suddenly, and for a while did not know him. The father went home and was about to tell his wife, when he expired.

New Counterfeit.—Fives on the Merchant's Bank Newbern, North Carolina, are in circulation in and about Pittsburg. The vignette is an Indian, and a female on the right end.

EDITORS LIFE IN CALIFORNIA.

The *Golden Age*, an excellent San Francisco paper, gives the following routine of an editor's life in California: 'First, gets up at ten in the morning—dresses himself—puts on his hat, in which are six or seven bullet holes, and goes to a restaurant for breakfast. After breakfast starts to the office to look over the papers, and discovers that he is called a scoundrel in one of them, a liar in another, and a puppy in another. He smiles at the prospect of having something to do—fills out and despatches three blank challenges, (a ream or two of which he always, keeps on hand ready printed, to save time,)—commences writing a leader, when, as the clock strikes eleven, a large man, with a cowhide in one hand and a bowieknife in his belt, walks in and asks him if his name is ———? He answers by knocking the intruder down two pair of stairs with a chair. At twelve o'clock finds that his challenges have been accepted, and suddenly remembers that he has a little affair of that nature to settle at the beach that day at 3 o'clock—goes out—kills his man—then comes and dines on stewed grizzly. Starts for the office; while going there, gets mixed up in a street row, and has the heel of his boot shot off by accident—laughs to think how beautifully it was done—arrives at his sanctum, and finds an infernal machine on the table—knows what it is, and merely pitches it out of the window—writes on moral reform, and then starts for the theatre—attacked on the corner of a dark alley, by three men—kills two of them, and takes the other to the station house. Returning to the office at 11 o'clock at night, knocks down a man who attempt to rob him—kills a dog with a piece of paving stone—gets run over by a cab, and has the tail of his coat slit with the thrust of a knife, and two bullet holes put through his beaver as he steps within his own door—smiles at his escapes—writes until two o'clock, and then "turns in" with the happy consciousness of having two duels to fight the next day."

Another Case.—We copy the following from the New York Herald:

"About two years ago a negro woman named Diana was purchased from her owner, S. F. Gould, Esq., of Springfield, South Carolina, by abolitionists residing in this city. Among the contributors to the fund for freeing her was Rev. Henry Ward Beecher, whose rifle practice has gained him such notoriety lately. Diana came to this city and nursed her mother until she died, when, having no relatives or friends here, and being out of employment, she naturally enough desired to return to the home of her childhood, where her husband and children are still living. Hearing that Col. M. Frazer, a neighbor of her former master, was in the city, she called upon him at the Astor House, and piteously begged of him to take her back to her old home, as she was heartily sick of freedom, and yearned, like St. Paul, "for her kindred after the flesh." Col. Frazer consented to do so. Before leaving for the South yesterday, he brought her to the Herald office to afford us another instance of the fact that a sensible negro prefers slavery, when it is associated with home comforts, to freedom such as the blacks experience at the hands of the nigger worshippers at the North. Diana is a stout, healthy woman, about forty years of age. She was originally bought for $250, her owner freeing her for less than her worth at the solicitation of her well meaning, "but mistaken friends."

More Misery.—As a retort to Northern intermeddlers with our social institutions, who never omit any opportunity to vilify Southern people, and to show that misery has no particul home, but is as wide spread as the human race, we frequently copy accounts of scenes of distress and suffering from the New York *Evening Post*, of this description. The negro philanthropists spend thousands of dollars in robbing Southern men of their property, while tens of thousands of poor white girls at the North, are either driven in despair to profligacy and vice, or sink unpitied into an untimely grave.

"A girl named Mary Ann Car, aged 18, was found in the street, in a state of insensibility, last night, Officer Mark took her to the Eighth District Station house, where medical assistance was immediately obtained. On being restored to partial consciousness, she said that she had determined on self-destruction, as there was no one to care for her; that she was an orphan, without a home, or anything to live for, and had taken laudanum to end a life of suffering and want."

☞ It is calculated from statistical tables that the number of children born on the 16th of March, in France, to all of whom the Emperor and Empress are godfather and godmother, must be about 2,500. Each child is to receive a gift of 3,000 francs. All the boys must be named Louis Eugene, all the girls Eugenie Louis. A sum of 100,000 francs is to be given to the poor to redeem articles from pledge.

☞ An ordinary hat may be converted, in default of a better, into a life-preserver of the most efficient character All that is necessary is to fasten a handkerchief over it, tying it under the brim, to give a hold for the hands, when, by carefully keeping the open end downwards, that the enclosed air may not escape, it will support in the water with ease one or even two persons, if they will maintain a slight treading motion in the water, which any one however unacquainted with swimming may easily do.

☞ At a recent murder trial in Sacramento the jury disagreed, and on being sent back to the jury room they put twenty-four tickets into a hat, on twelve of which was written guilty, and on the other twelve not guilty, and drew for a verdict. The not guilty ones got a verdict. The State *Journal* favors the idea because the matter is settled at once, but suggests that the drawing take place hereafter before the trial, to save expense and treuble.

☞ A printer, not long ago, being flung by his sweetheart, went to the printing office, and tried to commit suicide with the shooting-stick, but the thing would'nt go off.

The devil, wishing to pacify him, told him to peep into the sanctum, where the editor was writing duns to delinquent subscribers. He did so, and the effect was magical. He said the picture of despair reconciled him to his fate.

TRUE GREATNESS.

Chief Justice Marshall was in the habit of going to market himself, and carrying home his purchase.—Frequently he would be seen returning at sunrise, with poultry in one hand, and vegetables in the other. On one of those occasions, a fashionable young man from the North, who had removed to Richmond, was swearing violent because he could find no one to carry home his turkey. Marshall stepped up and asking him where he lived, said, "That is my way, and I will take it for you."

When they came to his house, the young man inquired "What shall I pay you?"

"Oh, nothing," said the Chief Justice "you are welcome, it was on my way and no trouble."

"Who is that polite old gentleman, who brought home my turkey for me?" inquired the young man of a by-stander.

"That," replied he, "is John Marshall, Chief Justice of the United States."

"Why did he bring home my turkey?"

"To give a severe reprimand, and teach you to attend to your own business," was the reply.

True greatness never feels above doing anything that is useful: but especially, the truly, great man will never feel above helping himself. His own independence of character depends on his being able to help himself. Dr. Franklin, when he first established himself in business in Philadelphia, wheeled home the paper which he purchased for his printing office, upon a wheelbarrow, with his own hands.

A gentleman who formerly conducted a weekly paper, writes to a friend who has recently assumed the charge of a daily paper, as follows:

"You must live in and for the paper.—There is no escape from this voluntary and yet life-long slavery. For now nearly ten years I have known the willing, voluntary, unbroken service which the true servant of a free press must render. My weekly charge has been more than I can bear; and often, like the slave described with such pathetic eloquence by Job, I have "longed for the shadow" which tells the hour of rest. Feeling thus with respect to the weekly press, how can I but fear for you, my brother, my friend, when you bind yourself in six-fold bonds? How little do the majorities of readers of newspapers know of the expenditure of thought, of the labor of the head and brain and hands, which goes to make up that which ministers to their highest wants! And also, how many truths, thought out with brain throes, pass unnoted, unobserved, even if not received with relentless hostility! Nevertheless, the true man must work, and work, too, in the martyr spirit; contented with the thought that his mere relics, when he has laid him down in the dust, will constitute a kind of a superstructure and basement, upon which the glorious and eternal temple of truth shall stand.

Meanness Extraordinary.—Some time since while Captain Ward was sailing a craft on the upper lakes, a man fell overboard in the evening. The fact was immediatly discovered and the captain promptly threw a number of loose articles into the lake for the drowning man to seize upon. Among these, happened to be a bunch of shingles from a hut which the imperiled gentleman was having transported on the boat. When the vessel was turned about, it was found that this bunch had floated within reach of the man, and that he had sustained himself upon it. He was taken on board, and without expressing any gratitude for his deliverance, he told the captain with considerable agitation, that he should expect pay for his shingles that had been thrown overboard! Captain Ward replied that he was very sorry—that if he had known the shingles were his, he would not have done it.

American Tobacco in Europe.—During the past year there were exported from the United States to England 24,203,000 lbs. of tobacco, and to France 40,866,000 lbs. The war with Russia appears to have largely augmented the exports of tobacco to France, as it is indispensable in the French army. The average annual exportation to France from the United States is about 12,000,000 pounds—15,796,000 pounds being the quantity exported in 1853. Abolish the *regie* (or government monopoly) in France, and lower the duties in England to any reasonable standard, and these two countries would open a market for every pound that could be exported from the United States.

A Passenger Line of Balloons.—An enthusiastic æronaut proposes to the people of California to run a line of balloons between San Francisco and St. Louis, to depend upon the great easterly current of the upper or return trades for its propulsion. He says:

"Thirty miles an hour without delay from break of guage—no fear of collision and no possibility of running off the track—will bring a balloon in three days from the shores of the Sacramento to the foot of the Alleghanies, and land her freight and passengers fresh and healthy almost at the very threshold of their homes."

A litle boy named Ephraim Whitehead was torn in pieces by a blood hound slut, in Cleveland, Ohio, lately. He was missed for some time; and upon search being made, was found in a lot near his home, mangled in the most shocking manner. He was still alive, and when asked whether it was the blood hound slut owned in that neighborhood, which had attacked him, said 'yes' He lived not half an hour after he was found.

☞ The public have a funny notion about printers. They think it costs nothing to puff, advertise, &c., and thus one and other will sponge an extra paper, a puff, or some benevolent advertisement.—They forget that this business makes them known. They forget that it is the printer's ink that makes nine-tenths of their immense fortunes. They forget that it takes money to buy ink, type, and paper, and last, sometimes they forget to even thank you for working for nothing, by gratuitously puffing their business."

☞ A witty doctor says that tight lacing is a public benefit, as it kills off all the foolish girls, and leaves the wise ones to grow up to be women.

☞ Mr. George Wise, and old citizen of Alexandria, and the last of the pall bearers of Washington, died on the 3d instant. He had attained the advanced age of 78 years.

NORFOLK MARKET.

Saturday April 12.—Corn—... terday of white at 55—unsettled.

Cotton—Sales of fair at 9¾ and at 9¾, 9¾ refused for prime article.

Whiskey—Fair supply and ... a 26.

Naval Stores—No change.

BALTIMORE MARKET.

Friday April 11.

Flour.—Howard street at $5... Mill $6,50.

Wheat.—Red at $1, 50a$1 6... Corn.—White 48 a 49, Yellow ... cts.

Oats.—30 a 33 cts.

Bacon.—Shoulders at 8½; Sides ... Hams a 12 cts.

SPRING AND SUMMER GO...

I HAVE JUST RECEIVED AN... prepared to show the most extensive ... sirable stock of

Ready Made Clothing AND SPRING AND SUMMER ...

I have ever exhibited. My stock em... ry style and quality of Goods in the Dr... and GROCERY Line. Consisting in ... the following articles:

Taffeture, Ribbons, Col'd., White ... Plain White Crape Shawls, Embroide... M. Delaines, White do., Plain Berege... Berege Robes, Black and White Ging... and White Lawn, Printed Jackonets, ... Swiss Robed Lawns, Victoria Lawns, W... Muslin, Jackonet Muslin, Berege D... Holland, White do., Bro. Duck, Blue ... White do., Plaid Chashmerette, Farm... Cash Silk Handkerchiefs, fancy Englis... Shirts, Howard Duck, Bro. Drills, ... Osnaburgs, Cotton Sheeting, Linen ... Printed Cashmere Shawls, Challe De... Plaid Barages, Figd. Grenadine, Pink ... Plaid Challe, Fancy Stocks, Embroidered ... Shawls, Lace Mantles, Black Lace Mantles ... Lined Parasols, Hats, Boots, Shoes, and ... of all description.

Persons in want of any of the ab... ticles, or anything in the Dry Goods, ... and Ready-Made Clothing line, are respe... requested to give me a call, as I can sell ... as cheap as they can be bought in this ... of country.

BENJAMIN T. MIL...

E. City April 15, 1856.

FRANK VAUGHAN & C...

CLOTHIERS,

And Dealers in Cloths, Cassimer... ings, Under Clothing, &c.

And MANUFACTURERS of ... ticle of Clothing.

1856

MAGNIFICENT SPRING S...

CLOTHING TO FIT FROM TWO ... old and upwards to the largest si...

Furnishing articles—Umbrellas—Ca... —and a fine article of Gentleman's ... Boots, Pumps and Slippers.

We beg that our friends will exa... Make and Material of our stock, for ha... chased from the *best houses in New ... Philadelphia*, we feel satisfied that it is no... power to redeem the general character of ... Made Clothing. We would *be pleased* to ... by our bills, to our friends, at any time, ... purchase only from houses of establishe... acter,

FRANK VAUGHAN ...

TERMS.

For Cash 5 per cent. off—and interest ... on all accounts after three months; ... prefer decidedly to deal for cash. And ... our customers will settle their old a... soon as possible; Only One Price.

FRANK VAUGHAN ...

E. City April 15, 1856.

RAILS!

FOR SALE. 15,000 Juniper R... North River. Camden ... Thoroughfare Island. Price $... sand. Apply to

E. SIMMONS ...
JAMES ...

Currituck C. H., April 5, 185...

FOR RENT

FOR THE Balance of the ye... desirable mercantile stand ... Water Street, lately occupied ... Halsey. Possession given im... ately. For further information, ap... James W. T. Banks, or

A. H. CURR...

E. City, April 8, 1856—tf.

TO THE PUBLIC.

THE ATTENTION OF THE ... lic is called to the following ... regulations adopted by us, by wh... shall be governed in future in g... grain of different kinds, viz:

1st. We shall charge one-sixth ... all corn that we may grind.

2d. We shall charge one-seventh ... of all wheat that we may grind.

All persons feeling willing to pa... tolls are particularly requested to ... their patronage—those who are opp... doing so will please carry their "g... elsewhere.

THE PROPRIETORS.

Of the Steam Mill, E. City, N...

ap 8—3t

PIANO INSTRUCTION.

HERMAN W. SARTORIUS ... fully offers his services as a teach... Piano to the ladies of this place. To be ... the elements of Music will be thorough... faithfully imparted. With those already ... vanced, but wishing for a further impro... the expression or style (which is the ... of music, and constitutes its life, po... beauty,) will be made the chief ob... struction and study. Nine years' ex... teaching this delightful science and a... success, as is generally conceded, mig... sufficient guarantee for qualification. ... the public patronage will be thankfully ... The best references given. Terms—... quarter.

☞ The French and German Lang... be taught on reasonable terms.

☞ Room at Williams' Hotel.

E. City, April 1, 1856—4t

NOTICE.

DRS. COHOON & SON have ... associated as partners in the pr... Medicine. All cases, by night or day, ... ly attended to. Where the junior par... attendance, the services of the senior ... time be had, *free of charge*, if desired ... sary. All surgical operations perform... stetrical cases will receive prompt atten...

☞ Office on Road street, the same ... pied previously by senior partner.

PHILIP A. R. C. COHOON, M...
JOHN T. P. C. COHOON, M...

April 1, 1856—3t

NOTICE.

WILL be sold on the Sea Bea... the 2d Wreck District, in ... tuck county, on the 21st of April ... one Yawl Boat, one Buoy and one ... Canoe for the benefit of those con... by the Commissioner of said District.

L. POYNER, Co...

April 1—tds

NOTICE.

ALL persons having claims against the ... of Allen Sawyer, decd, are requ... present them for settlement without d... his notice will be plead in bar of their ... ty. WHITFIELD SAWY...

rmch 18, 1856—9t

PRING 1856!

MARCH 14.

STEWART & CO.

RE NOW OPENING AND OFFERING
for sale the most desirable stock of

DRY GOODS

xhibited in this market. Constant additi-
will be made to our **STOCK** per each ar-
NEW YORK STEAMERS. Among
will be included

THE LATEST

ENCH AND ENGLISH NOVELTIES IN
OS'D SILK, ORGANDY AND BA-
TISTE MUSLIN,

ALL KINDS AND COLORS.

shall mark our goods at uniform prices
all profits to insure large and speedy sales.
attention will be paid to customers in
that they are properly attended to; whe-
they wish to buy or not, we will exhibit
ds freely.
large auction sales in *NEW YORK* have
d us to procure many *CHEAP* and desi-
yles in

, MUSLIN AND LINEN GOODS.

We shall offer

BARGAINS.

Call early and secure them.

OUR STOCK OF

MILY AND HOUSEKEEPING

GOODS

complete with the best makes of
nen and Cotton Manufacture.
urgently solicit an examination of our
we promise the handsomest display of

RICH GOODS,

IN

ed Silk Robes, from $18 to $50,
Strp'd, Plaid, Plain, all Colors,
ilks, Fig'd, Plain, Rept and Armure
ing Silks,
Bargains in Col'd Silks at 62, 75
87.

LMA AND MANTILLA
DEPARTMENT.

ave 50 different patterns and styles, com-
more taste than any previous season,
ILKS, ALL COLORS. MUSLIN AND
LACE.

ALSO,

ed French Muslins in Jaconet and
se,
Robes, Bayadare, and Alboni
s,
dys, Brilliants, F'ch. Chintz for Ba-

Emb'os, every Variety. A very
Stock of
Sleeves, Chemizets, Collaretts,
fs.

STAPLE GOODS.

Linens for Shirt, Pillow, all widths
ualities.
owelling, Huckaback, Diaper and
s,
Sheeting all widths, and Lace
ins,
kes of Bl'd. Cottons, smooth thread
ine finish.
ttons for Servants, Calicoes, Osna-
s,
Plaid, Burlaps, Cotton Sheeting,
6-4, 8-4, 12-4,
kirts White and Col'd.

W. P. STEWART & CO.
Nos. 25 Main and 17 Hill street,
Norfolk Va.

ERNEST LINWOOD.

ERY & GRIFFITH have received a
number of NEW BOOKS, among
the following, viz:
Linwood; a novel, by Caroline Lee
e: $1.
Tragedy, and other tales, by Grace
—$1.25.
Beauties; by Miss Pardoe—50c.
low Bedott Papers; (6th supply)—
Grace; by Julia Kavenah—75c.
ious Wife; by Miss Pardoe—50c.
ish-Boys; or, the history and adven-
Cape Farmer and his family in the
oos of Southern Africa, by Capt Mayne
.
ce of the Harem; by Miss Pardoe—50c.
Clarke; by Fanny Fern—$1.25.
g of Hiawatha; by Longfellow—$1.
nfessions of a Pretty Woman—50c.
rginia Convention of 1776, by H. W.
$1.50.
ma History of African Colonization,
Slaughter—50c.
es in the Seaboard Slave States, with
to their economy, by Frederic Law
—$1.25.

THE OLD DOMINION.

RY & GRIFFITH have received the
Dominion; or, the Southampton Massa-
evel, by G. P. R. James, price 50 cts.
Hernando Cortez, by Abbott, 62 cts.
lers on Science, by Henry Maynen,

Duels and Duelling, alphabetically
with a preliminary historical essay,
Sabine $1.25.
; or new foes with an old face, by
ngsley.
of Europe, framed in ideas, by C. A.
25.
on Punctuation, by Wilson. $1.
ments of Character, by M. G. Chand-

Shore; or, the Slave, the Serf, and
ice, by Emile Souvestre, author of
Sholospear, 75 cts.

NEWS! GOOD NEWS!!
ENED AT THE BEE HIVE.

test Bargains in rich and handsome
which have come to hand yet.
SILKS! SILKS!
s of Small Plaid China Silks, of the
s and handsome colors, which will
62½ cents per yard.
Large Plaids and Stripes, choice
cents worth $1 anywhere.
xtra. Stripes and Plaids, Plain and
es from $1 to $2,50 per yard, very

—ALSO—

of select styles, from $20 to $40
Silk stock is choice and cheap.
BLACK SILKS.
st stock ever offered of the above,
very quality, from 87½ cents, to the
rticle at $4.00 per yard.
HEMSTITCHED HDKFS.
of the above wide hem and good
will sell at 50 cts.
Plain Tape Border, from 37½ cents

Colored Bordered, for Children.

LLARS AND SLEEVES.
and of the latest styles. The above
rchased on the best terms, and
will find them as represented. Call

the Proprietor is always in the
ding to the purchase of goods for
it enables him to select the newest
test.
may rely on having the fashions as
ppear in the market.
Bee Hive is No 33 Main street, Norfolk.

JAMES SMITH, Proprietor.

FOR SALE.

UBSCRIBER wishes to dispose
schooner GEORGE H. SMOOT,
private sale. She is of the
rthen of 35 Tons, federal meas-
rement, and is now in good work-
For further particulars, apply
e, or to
EDMOND SIMMONS
Currituck C. H., N. C.,
, 1856.—tf.

NAVY SUPPLIES--1856-'57.

NAVY DEPARTMENT,
Bureau of Provisions and Clothing,
March 17, 1856.

SEPARATE PROPOSALS, sealed and endorsed "Proposals for Navy Supplies," will be received at this Bureau until 3 o'clock, p. m., on Saturday, the 19th day of April next, for furnishing and delivering (on receiving ten days' notice, except for biscuit, for which five days' notice shall be given for every twenty thousand pounds required) at the United States navy-yards at Charlestown, Massachusetts; Brooklyn, New York; and Gosport, Virginia, such quantities *only* of the following articles as may be required or ordered from the contractors by the chief of this bureau, or by the respective commanding officers of the said navy-yards, during the fiscal year ending June 30, 1857, viz:

Flour, biscuit, whiskey, sugar, tea, coffee, rice, molasses, vinegar, pickles, beans, and dried apples.

The flour shall be superfine, and of the manufacture of wheat grown in the year 1855 or 1856; but shall in all cases be manufactured from wheat of the crop immediately preceding the dates of the requisition for the same; shall be perfectly sweet, and in all respects of the best quality, and shall be delivered in good shipping order, free of all charge to the United States, in the best new, well-seasoned, sound, bright barrels, or half barrels, as the case may be—the staves and headings to be of red oak of the best quality, strong and well hooped, with lining hoops around each head, and equal in quality to sample barrel at said navy-yards; two half barrels to be cousidered as a barrel, and not more than one-sixth the required quantity to be in half barrels.

The biscuit shall be made wholly from sweet superfine flour, of the manufacture of the year 1855 or 1856, but shall in all cases be manufactured from flour made or the crop immediately preceding the dates of the requisitions for the same; and shall be fully equal in quality, and conform in size and shape, to the samples which are deposited in the said navy-yards; shall be properly baked, thoroughly kil-dried, well-packed, and delivered free of charge to the United States, in good, sound, well-dried, bright flour barrels, as above described, with the heads well secured; or in air and water-tight whiskey or spirit barrels, at the option of the bureau.

The whiskey shall be made wholly from grain, sound and merchantable, and be full first proof according to the United States custom-house standard. It shall be delivered in good, new, sound, bright, three quarters hooped, well-seasoned white-oak barrels, with white-oak heads, the heads to be made of three-piece heading, and well painted; the staves not to be less than ⅞ inch thick, and the heads not less than ¾ inch thick; and each barrel shall be coopered, in addition, with one three-penny iron hoop on each bilge 1½ inch in width, and 1-16th inch thick, and one three-penny hoop on each chime, 1½ inch in width, and 1-16th inch thick, as per diagram. The whole to be put in good shipping order, free of all charge to the United States.

The sugar shall be according to samples at the said navy-yards; and be dry and fit for packing.

The tea shall be of good quality young hyson, equal to the samples at said navy-yards.

The coffee shall be equal to the best Cuba, according to sample.

The rice shall be of the very best quality, and of the crop immediately preceding the dates of the requisition for the same.

The molasses shall be fully equal to the very best quality of New Orleans molasses, and shall be delivered in well-seasoned red-oak barrels, with white-pine heads not less than 1-18 inch thick; the staves not less than ⅝-inch thick, the barrels to be three-quarters hooped, and, in addition, to have four iron hoops, one on each bilge, 1½ inch in width and 1-16th inch thick, and one on each chime 1½ inch in width and 1-16th inch thick, and shall be thoroughly coopered and placed in the best shipping condition.

The vinegar shall be of the first quality cider vinegar, equal to the standard of the United States Pharmacopœia, and shall contain no other than acetic acid; and shall be delivered in barrels similar in all respects to those required for molasses, with the exception that *white-oak* staves and heads shall be substituted for red-oak staves and white-pine heads, and shall be thoroughly coopered and placed in the best shipping order.

The pickles shall be put up in iron-bound casks, and each cask shall contain one gallon of onions, one gallon of peppers, and thirteen gallons of medium cucumbers, fifty to the gallon, and the vegetables in each shall weigh eighty-five pounds, and they only be paid for; and each cask shall then be filled with white wine vinegar of at least 42 degrees of strength, and equal to French vinegar; the casks, vegetables, and vinegar shall conform and be equal in all respects to the samples deposited at the above-named navy-yards, and the contractors shall warrant and guaranty that they will keep good and sound for at least two years. The iron hoops on the barrels containing whiskey, molasses, vinegar, and pickles to be well painted with red lead.

The beans shall be of the very best quality white beans, and shall be of the crop immediately preceding the dates of the requisition for the same, 64 pounds to be taken as one bushel.

The dried apples shall be of the best quality, and shall be prepared by *sun-drying* only, and shall be of the crop of the autumn immediately preceding the dates of the requisitions for the same.

All the foregoing described articles, embracing casks, barrels, half-barrels, and boxes, shall be subject to such inspection as the chief of this bureau may direct, the inspecting officer to be appointed by the Navy Department. All inspections to be at the place of delivery. Biscuit may, however, be inspected at the place of manufacture, but will in all cases be subject to a final inspection at the place of delivery before bills are signed therefor.

The prices of all the foregoing articles to be the same throughout the year, and bidders may offer for one or more articles.

All the casks, barrels, and half barrels, boxes, or packages, shall be marked with their contents and the contractor's name. All the barrels and half barrels of flour, bread, and pickles shall have, in addition to the above, the year when manufactured or put up, marked upon them.

The samples referred to in this advertisement are those selected for the ensuing fiscal year, *and have no reference to such as have been previously exhibited.*

The quantity of these articles which will be required cannot be precisely stated. They will probably be about—

	To be offered for.	
Flour	1,200 bbls	per bbl.
Biscuit	1,600,000 lbs	per 100 lbs.
Whiskey	35,000 gals	per gal.
Sugar	200,000 lbs	per lb.
Tea	20,000 lbs	per lb
Coffee	10,000 lbs	per lb.
Rice	200,000 lbs	per lb.
Molasses	20,000 gals	per gal
Beans	6,000 bush.	per bush.
Vinegar	20,000 gals	per gal.
Dried apples	50,000 lbs	per lb.
Pickles	130,000 lbs	per lb.

The quantities of any or all may be increased or diminished as the service may hereafter require. The contracts will therefore be made, not for specific quantities, but for such quantities as the service may require to be delivered at those navy-yards respectively.

Contractors not residing at the places where deliveries are required must establish agencies at such places, that no delay may arise in furnishing what may be required; and when a contractor fails promptly to comply with a requisition, the Chief of the Bureau of Provisions and Clothing shall be authorized to direct purchases to be made to supply the deficiency, under the penalty to be expressed in the contract; the record of a requisition, or a duplicate copy thereof, at the Bureau of Provisions and Clothing, or at either of the navy-yards aforesaid, shall be evidence that such requisition has been made and received.

Separate offers must be made for each article at each of the aforesaid navy-yards; and in case more than one article is contained in the offer, the Chief of the Bureau will have the right to accept one or more of the articles contained in such offer, and reject the remainder; and bidders whose proposals are accepted (and none others) will be forthwith notified, and as early as practicable a contract will be transmitted to them for execution; which contract must be returned to the bureau within ten days, exclusive of the time required for the regular transmission of the mail.

Two or more approved sureties, in a sum equal to the estimated amount of the respective contracts, will be required, and twenty per centum in addition will be withheld from the amount of all payments on account thereof as collateral security, in addition, to secure its performance, and not in any event to be paid until it is in all respects complied with; eighty per centum of the amount of all deliveries made will be paid by the navy agent within thirty days after bills, duly authenticated, shall have been presented to him.

Blank forms of proposals may be obtained on application to the navy agents at Portsmouth New Hampshire; Boston, New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Washington, Norfolk, Pensacola, and at this bureau.

A record, or duplicate of the letter informing a bidder of the acceptance of his proposal, will be deemed a notification thereof, within the meaning of the act of 1846, and his bid will be made and accepted in conformity with this understanding.

Every offer made must be accompanied (as directed in the act of Congress making appropriations for the naval service for 1846-'47, approved 10th August, 1846) by a written guarantee, signed by one or more responsible persons, that he or they undertake that the bidder or bidders will, if his or their bid be accepted, enter into an obligation within five days, with good and sufficient sureties, to furnish the supplies proposed. The bureau will not be obligated to consider any proposal unless accompanied by the guarantee required by law; the competency of the guarantee to be certified by the navy agent, district attorney, or collector of the customs.

The attention of bidders is called to the samples and description of articles required, as, in the inspection for reception, a just but rigid comparison will be made between the articles offered and the sample and contract, receiving none that fall below them; and their attention is also particularly directed to the joint resolution of 27th March 1854, and to the act of the 10th August, 1846.

March 25—4w

RAGS.

WANTED IN ANY QUANTITY, for which the highest market price will be paid in Cash.

WHEELWRIGHT & MUDGE
14 Hanover street Baltimore M. D.
March 25 1856.—6m.

THE SUMMER OF THE PESTILENCE.

A HISTORY of the Ravages of the Yellow Fever in Norfolk, Va., A. D. 1855, by Rev. Dr. Armstrong, D. D. Pastor of the Presbyterian Church, Norfolk. 50c.

An Essay on Liberty and Slavery, by Albert Taylor Bledsoe, L. L. D. Professor of Mathematics in the University of Virginia, $1,00.

Light and Darkness; or, the shadow of Fate, a story of fashionable life, by a Lady of Charlottsville Virginia, 75c.

Letters from the United States, Cuba, and Canada, by the Hon. Amelia M. Murray. 1,00.

The mystic and other Poems, by Philip James Bailey, author of "Festus" 50c.

Edith Hale, a village story, by Thrace Talman, $1,25c.

The Letters of Madame De Sevigne to her Daughter and friends, edited by Mrs. Hale, 1,25.

The views and opinions of American Statesman on Foreign immigration, being a collection of Statistics of Population, Pauperism, crime &c., by John P. Sanderson, $1,50

The above with all the new books are for sale by

mh 25 VICKERY & GRIFFITH.

TO THE PUBLIC.

THE ATTENTION OF THE PUBlic is called to the following rules and regulations adopted by us, by which we shall be governed in future in grinding grain of different kinds, viz:

1st. We shall charge one-sith as toll of all corn that we may grind.

2d. We shall charge one-seventh as toll of all wheat that we may grind.

All persons feeling willing to pay these tolls are particularly requested to give us their patronage—those who are opposed to doing so will please carry their "grinding" elsewhere.

TIMOTHY MORGAN & CO.
mh 25—4t
(Sentinel copy.)

TO THE PUBLIC.

THE ATTENTION OF THE PUBlic is called to the following rules and regulations adopted by us, by which we shall be governed in future in grinding grain of different kinds, viz;

1st. We shall charge one-sixth as toll of all corn that we may grind.

2d. We shall charge one-seventh as toll of all wheat that we may grind.

All persons feeling willing to pay these tolls are particularly requested to give us their patronage—those who are opposed to doing so will please carry their "grinding" elsewhere.

PERRY, DAVIS & WHITE.
Perquimans Co., March 25—4tp
(Sentinel copy.)

MATTINGS. MATTINGS,
AT THE BEE HIVE.

JUST RECEIVED a full stock of the above in Red and White, all widths, at the lowest prices.
Also, Strip'd Carpets and Figured Star do
Rugs and Door Mats in every variety.
Also floor Oil Cloths, Table do., Druggest very low. Call and see before purchasing.—These and many others can be found at the Bee Hive. JAMES SMITH.
March 18, No. 33 Main street Norfolk

LATEST ARRIVAL.

JUST Received this morning at the Bee Hive, a complete assortment of Mourning Collars and Sleeves in setts and separate. Also Mourning Handkerchiefs of every quality. Veils of every quality, in Crape and Love Lace, do. Tissues, Barege &c.,

Hosiery of every kind, from the smallest size to the largest Kid Gloves in black, White and Colored, of the best makes and warranted good.
Spring Goods of every kind daily received.
March 18, 1856. JAMES SMITH.

STEAM SAW MILL FOR SALE OR RENT.

The above Mill comprises all the appliances necessary for the operating of a CIRCULAR SAW and an UPRIGHT SAW, including Carriage Ways, Belting, and all other Gearing required to put it in immediate operation.

—ALSO—

A 20 HORSE-POWER ENGINE, with two Cylinder Boilers, 24 feet long, by 24 inches

—ALSO—

One WOODWORTH'S PATENT PLANING MACHINE, in condition to be used immediately.

The above MILL is located in Norfolk, in an eligible situation on the water, with Lighter navigation to the Mill.

I not sold, will be rented on favorable terms For further particulars, apply to
JOHN HIPKINS,
mch 18—4t Norfolk, Va.

NOTICE

IS HEREBY GIVEN, that a general Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the Farmer's Bank of North Carolina, will be held in the Town of Elizabeth City, on Monday the 7th day of April next, at 11 o'clock, A. M.
E. City, March 14, 1856—4t

RANAWAY.

I WILL give 50 dollars for each of the negroes that absconded from my premises on the 24th inst., on making their way to Virginia.
S. S. SIMMONS.
Plymouth N. C., March 4 1856.—tf.

NOTICE.

ALL persons indebted to the estate of James S. Long, dec'd,, are notified to come forward and make payment without delay; and all persons having claims against said estate are notified to present them duly authenticated according to law, within the time prescribed by Law, or this notice will be plead in bar of their recovery.

DANIEL RICHARDSON, Adm'r.
Eliz. City, N. C., Feb. 26, 1856—6t

BUSINESS CARDS.

HOUSE, SIGN
AND
ORNAMENTAL PAINTING.

THE subscriber begs leave to return his sincere thanks to the citizens of Elizabeth City and surrounding country for the very liberal patronage bestowed upon him during the last five years, and to solicit a continuance of the same for the future, with the assurance that every effort will be made by him to give perfect satisfaction. The firm of Bland & Richardson having been dissolved, the undersigned is prepared to receive and execute all orders on his individual account.
oct 24 THOMAS R. BLAND.

W. J. BAKER.] [T. L. BARRAUD.
BAKER & BARRAUD,
GRAIN, LUMBER, AND GENERAL
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
HIGH ST. & PIERCE'S WHARF,
fe 27—1y PORTSMOUTH, VA.

N. B. WILROY,
COMMISSION MERCHANT,
NORFOLK, VA.

WILL give strict attention to all consignments entrusted to his care. Commissions on all grain 1¼ per cent.
nov 23, 1852—1y

EDWARD DELANY,
UNION STREET,
NORFOLK, VIRGINIA

MANUFACTURER of Copper, Tin, Sheet Iron and Japanned Ware; Camphine and Etherial Oil Lamps; Etherial Oil and Camphene.
A large assortment of STOVES constantly on hand.
His charges in every case shall be moderate, and the patronage of the public is respectfully solicited.
N. B.—Lamps altered to burn Etherial Oil.
EDWARD DELANY,
sep 24 Norfolk, Va.

EGERTON'S VIRGINIA HOUSE,
No. 4, SOUTH CALVERT STREET,
BALTIMORE, Md.

HAVING made considerable improvements in the House, I am now prepared to accommodate a large number of Permanent and Transient Boarders. The Virginia House is in the centre of the business portion of Baltimore, and affords as convenient and comfortable accommodations as any Hotel in the city.
ap 4

L. J. JOHNSON,
ATTORNEY AT LAW.

HAVING taken an office in Elizabeth City, will practice in all the Courts of Gates, Chowan, Perquimans, Pasquotank, Camden and Currituck counties, and offers his professional services to those who may need them.
OFFICE—The one formerly occupied by Gen'l. Ehringhaus, dec'd.
Eliz. City, May 31, 1853—1y

WM. SIMMONS.] [D. D. SIMMONS.
D. D. SIMMONS & BRO.,
GENERAL COMMISSION & FORWARDING MERCHANTS,
NORFOLK, VA.

F. W. SEABURY,
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN
BOOTS, SHOES, TRUNKS, LEATHER, &c, &c, &c.
No. 13 Market Square,
Norfolk, Va.

KEEPS constantly on hand an extensive assortment of goods. The front store being appropriated for Ladies,' Misses' and Children's fine retail Shoes; the centre for Trunks, Valises, and Carpet Bags; the back store for Plantation Boots and Brogues; the upper stories for wholesale goods, Leather, and the Boot and Shoe Manufactory.
N. B. Particular attention paid to keeping good qualities Plantation Boots and Brogans in great variety. aug 31

J. H. WHITEHURST'S
ELECTRO DAGUERREOTYPES.
GALLERIES.
207 Baltimore Street, Baltimore.
77 Main Street, Richmond, Va.
Main Street, Norfolk, Va.
Sycamore Street, Petersburg, Va.
Sycamore Street, Lynchburg, Va.
Likenesses taken beautifully well in all weather. aug 6

CHAS. H. REID.] [THOS. C. NASH
REID & NASH,
COMMISSION MERCHANTS,
83 PEARL STREET,
New York.

Cash advances made upon consignments of Wheat Corn, &c.

REFERENCES:
Jas. T. Soutter, Esq.. Pres't Bank Republico. New York.
Messrs. Blow & March, N. Y.
S. S. Simmons, Esq., Plymouth, N. C.
S. H. McRae, Esq. do do
Messrs. Reid & Soutter Norfolk, Va.
Messrs. Anderson & Reynolds, Norfolk, Va.
L. S. Webb, Esq., Cash'r Windsor, N. C.
sep 11—3m

NOTICE.
DR. WM. G. POOL

OFFERS his professional services to the citizens of Elizabeth City, and Pasquotank and Camden counties. His Office is two doors from the Court House, where he may be found at all times, (night and day,) when not engaged elsewhere.
Charges moderate, and payment by note or otherwise required at the expiration of twelve months.
By arrangement with Mrs. Lamb, the Camden Float Bridge will be free to all messengers visiting him on professional business.
E. City, mh7, 1854.

CHARLES E. LOWTHER,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW
GATESVILLE, N. C.

WILL attend all the Courts of Gates, Hertford, Chowan, Perquimans and Pasquotank counties.
Business in either of the above counties punctually attended to. jan 24

DRS. RITTER & SAUNDERS, having associated themselves in the practice of Medicine, respectfully tender their professional services in all its branches to the inhabitants of E. City and adjoining country.
H. P. RITTER. L. K. SAUNDERS.
Nov. 6, 1855

W. GEORGE GRANBERY,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,

HAVING removed to Currituck County, will attend all the Courts of Perquimans, Pasquotank, Camden and Currituck Counties. All business entrusted to his hands will receive prompt attention.
Office at Currituck Court-house.
dec 11—1y

COLLARS AND SLEEVES AT ALL PRICES, and of the latest styles.—The above goods were purchased on the best terms, and purchasers will find them as represented. Call soon.
P S.—As the proprietor is always in the market, attending to the purchase of goods for this market, it enables him to select the newest and the cheapest. Customers may rely on having the fashions as soon as they appear in the market. The Bee Hive is No. 33, Main Street.
mh25 JAMES SMITH, Proprietor.

NOTICE.

The undersigned would inform the citizens of Eliz. City and surrounding country, that he is prepared to do PLASTERING in all of its branches, both plain and ornamental—consisting of cornices, plain and fancy, centre-pieces of all kinds, panel enrichments, &c. Also, brick work done with care.
All jobs in the country will meet with prompt attention, by addressing
F. V. HOSKINS.
Eliz. City, Feb. 19, 1856.

NORFOLK ADVERTISEMENTS.

SUNDRIES—
In store and for sale by the subscriber,
IRON—suitable for farming, ship building, coach making, machinists, and all other purposes, round, square, flat, oval, half-round, &c.
A very large and complete assortment cast, German, spring and blister Steel, for do. do. do
ANVILS, Vices, Bellows, Hammers, Screwplates, Stocks and Dies, Files, Borax, Brace and Bitts, Wrenches, (a new and superior article,) Axes, Hatchets, Pit-saws, grub Hoes, weeding and hilling, cast steel and garden Hoes, and rakes, (a very large stock) Spades, Shovels Forks, Potatoe Hooks, Snuffers, Corn Planters Seed Sowers.
GARDEN SEED—fresh and genuine
Plows, barrows, cultivators, devils, cotton sweeps, horse hoes, road scrapers, canal and wheel-barrows, grain cradles, grass sneaths and blades, briar hooks, log and ox chains, trace chains, drag teeth, cultivator teeth, agricultural furnaces, corn and cob crushers, "LITTLE GIANTS," horse powers, wheat threshers, lime and guano spreaders, garden and field rollers, grind stones, cut nails and spikes, ship spikes, sausage meat cutters and stuffers, straw cutters, well curbs, chain pumps, cistern pumps, cart and wagon boxes, thorough boxes, (a very large supply—all sizes,) sulkey, buggy, carriage, cart, and wagon axles and springs. Colored carpet warp, cotton and hemp seine and sturgeon twine. Net lines, plow lines, cotton cordage. Fan Mills, Montgomery's Rockaway, and all other desirable kinds; hominy mills, corn shellers, (a large and varied stock,) mould boards, land sides and shares to suit nearly all the plows now in use; plow bolts, plow skeletons.
With a great many other very desirable goods, not omitting Garden Engines—no farmer who has an orchard should be without one, as he could, with a few gallons of soap suds, clean his fruit trees of those destructive insects, Catapillars. You can't do wrong to send your orders to S. MARCH.
my 8 Norfolk, Va.

FARMER'S HEAD QUARTERS,
NO. 11, WATER STREET,
NORFOLK, VA.
AGRICULTURAL IMPEMENTS,

BAR and Bundle Iron, Cart and Wagon Boxes, Springs and Axles, Anvils, Bellows, Vices, Dies and Stocks, Screw Plates, Horse Shoes, Horse Nails, Chain Pumps, &c.
3000 cast iron Plows of all sizes and patterns, embracing some of the best in the country.
2000 Cultivators, with steel, wrought and cast iron Hoes.
150 Harrows, of Gedder Premium, 14 to 36 teeth, square, hinges, expanding, stationary, oval teeth, &c.
150 Corn Shellers, (box,) with 1 and 2 fly wheels, large hoppers, and well made, the best in market. Also, the Virginia Sheller, acknowledged by practical men the best in use for wear and tear; other good kinds also on hand.
100 Straw Cutters, Hovey's, Sinclair's, Taylor's, Smith's Premium, &c.
100 Corn Planters, two varieties, warranted to work well.
50 Small Seed Sowers.
50 Ox Yokes, premium at Raleigh.
50 Hand Hominy Mills, premium at Raleigh.
20 Horse Rakes " " "
50 Subsoil Plows, " " "
Diplomas of the above may be seen at the Depot.
HORSE POWERS, THRESHERS, GRIST MILLS,
and every variety of Machines for Farmers may be seen there, as well as a thousand small things useful and necessary in farming, all of which will be sold at low prices.
BORUM & MCLEAN,
No. 11 Water Street,
dec 20 Norfolk, Va.

J. W. HARWOOD,
AGENT,
SUCCESSOR TO C. BARRUS,
No. 24, East Main Street, 6 doors above Messrs. Broadgood & Co., Norfolk, Va., and 6, High Street, Portsmouth, Va

MANUFACTURER and wholesale and Retail Dealer in French and American Candies, fine and common Cakes, foreign and domestic green, dried, preserved, brandied, crystalized and pickled Fruits, Licorice, Jujube Paste, Lozengers, Gum Drops, Cocoa, plain and sweet Chocolate, Wines, Cordials, Syrups, Jelly, Ice Cream, Frozen Lemonade, fine and fancy Soaps of every description, Olive Oil, Bay Rum, Mustard, Catsups, Sauces, Pickles, cured and ground Spices, Sardines, Olives, Capers, Anchovies, anchovie paste, Honey, Brazil, Havana and Pulverized Sugar, Mason's Blacking, foreign and domestic Segars, Snuff, Chewing and Smoking Tobacco, Maccaroni, Vermicelli, Slates, Slate and Lead Pencils, Marbles, Looking-Glasses, Accordeons, Flutes, Fifes, Violins, Combs, Fans, Tooth, Shaving, Hair, Crumb, Cloth, Blacking, and Whitewash Brushes, Cologne and Perfumery, Ox Marrow, Macassar Oil, Gold Ink, Hair Dye, Courting and Playing Cards, Dominoes, Dice, Draft Boards, Willow Chairs, &c., Wooden Ware, Whisps, Brooms, Baskets, Bird Cages, French and German Toys and Fancy Goods, Wine and Porter Bottles, Fireworks of every description, Vases, Mantle and other ornaments, Dog Collars and Muzzles, Butter Prints, Lemon Squeezers, Ice Bowls, Faucets, &c, &c., all of which will be sold as cheap as at any other establishment in Virginia for the cash, and a discount of 5 per cent allowed on all bills over $5.
Orders from the country accompanied with the cash will receive prompt attention.
J. W. HARWOOD, Agent,
ap [No. 24 Main st., Norfolk, Va.

THE DEPOT OF
IRON, AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS, AND FARMING TOOLS,

IS now being filled with all kinds of Goods in this line, selected recently by one of the proprietors from the largest establishments North and East.
Of IRON, our stock comprises all kinds and sizes suited to the wants of Coachmakers, Blacksmiths, Ship-Builders, and for farm work generally. The quality of it we warrant good. Nails, Spikes, Carriage Springs and Axles, Bolts, &c.
OF IMPLEMENTS,
our stock exceeds any thing ever seen in Virginia, and equals many at the North. We intend to keep everything in the line useful to farmers, and we think that the wants of all can be supplied at short notice. Our arrangements for manufacturing more extensively are nearly completed, and we shall be able to furnish a large majority of Implements of our own make, (warranted of the best materials) at satisfactory prices.
All new machines worthy of notice will be ceived at the Depot by the EXPRESS LINE, and we desire that the farmers of Virginia and North Carolina shall make the Depot their Headquarters when visiting the city. We ask an examination of our stock, whether in want or not.
We are agents for the 'American Farmer,' published in Baltimore, and will receive subscribers to that valuable Agricultural Journal, issued monthly, at ONE DOLLAR per an-
BORUM & McLEAN,
Manufacturers and Dealers,
No. 11 Widewater Street,
aug 30 Norfolk, Va.

CARPETING, UPHOLSTERY GOODS, PAPER HANGINGS, &c.

THE SUBSCRIBER TAKES THIS METHOD OF informing his customers and the public generally, that he has received his Fall supply of all kinds of goods in his line of business, which will be found not to be surpassed in point of quantity, quality or cheapness by any other establishment in Virginia or elsewhere.
His stock consists in part of the following articles, viz:
Velvet Tapestry, Brussels,
Old style Brussels, Three ply, Ingrain and Venetian,
Carpeting, of the most approved styles and colors, with Rugs to match.
Brocatel, Satin de Lane,
Silk and Worsted Damasks for Cornices, and the largest stock in the city.
Lace and Muslin Curtains, either by the pair or yard, all of which he will sell at the lowest market prices, or make up to order either for town or country.
OIL CLOTHS.
A very large stock of all widths, and at all price from 50 cents to $1.37 per square yard,
Paper Hangings, stock large and full, with Border, Fire, &c.
Transparent Shades, Furniture Oil Cloth, Feather Beds, Mattresses, &c., with many articles Persons wishing to purchase would do well to call, for we will sell cheap. W. A. WALTERS,
oc 5 No. 26, Main street, Norfolk, Va.

STRIPED AND PLAID SWISS MUSLIN, only $1 25 per piece of 10 yards, cheapest goods ever seen in Norfolk. The Bee Hive is the place, of course. JAMES SMITH,
je 19 33 Main street.

NORFOLK ADVERTISEMENTS.

VICKERY & GRIFFITH,
BOOKSELLERS, STATIONERS, BOOKBINDERS, AND BLANK BOOK MANUFACTURERS,
No. 19, Main Street, Norfolk, Va.

KEEP constantly on hand, and for sale upon the most advantageous terms, a complete and extensive assortment of Books of every variety and description, and in every department of Literature, Science and the Arts, and having recently made arrangements with the largest publishing houses in the country, they will receive regular supplies of the principal and most valuable Books as soon as they are issued from the press.
V. & G. also offer for sale one of the largest stocks of STATIONERY to be found in the Southern country, both for the school and counting house; and having now in full operation a complete and extensive BOOK BINDERY and BLANK BOOK MANUFACTORY, with competent and experienced workmen, they are prepared to manufacture every description of Blank Books, with punctuality and dispatch, on as reasonable terms as any establishment in the United States.
Country merchants and strangers visiting the city will find it greatly to their advantage to examine our stock before making their purchases, as we are confident that we can offer them great inducements in quality, quantity and price.
V. & G. are agents for the celebrated PIANOS of Conrad Meyer; also for Silas C. Herring's (Wilder's Patent) Salamander Safes.
VICKERY & GRIFFITH.
23 Norfolk, Va.

NEW CARPET WAREROOMS,
NO. 26, MAIN STREET, NORFOLK, VA.

THE subscriber takes this mode of informing his old friends and customers and the public generally, that in addition to his former business of Upholsterer and Paper Hanger, he has opened a large and splendid stock of
Velvet Tapestry, Three Ply, Tapestry Ingrain.
Common Ingrain, and Venetian Carpeting, at all prices, from 18¾ cents to $2 per yard.
ALSO,
Rugs and Mats, Druggets of all widths, from 4-4 to 16-4 wide.
Door Mat4 of every description, Stair Linen.
And a new article of Oil Cloth for Stairs, which supercedes the use of Crash or Stair Linen, more durable and does not require washing.
OIL CLOTHS
of all widths and at all prices, for Entries, Halls, Passages, Stairways and Dining Rooms.
UPHOLSTERY AND CURTAIN GOODS
of every description, such as Silk and Worsted Damasks, Satin DeLane, Moreen, Turkey Red, &c., with Cornices, Bands and Loops, Gimp and Galoons, Cords and Tassels, &c., with a stock of Lace and Muslin Curtains that cannot be surpassed if equalled in this city.
The undersigned would also address a few words to all whom it may concern, about
PAPER HANGINGS
or Wall Paper, and begs leave to inform them that his stock was never larger, better or more varied in regard to Colors, Patterns or quality, and as to prices he is determined that they shall be satisfactory, for he has made up his mind to sell at all hazards, if purchasers can be found at any price. W. A. WALTERS,
oc 19 No. 26 Main st., Norfolk Va.

MOREDUN; A tale of The Twelve Hundred and Ten, by Sir Walter Scott.
The discovery of this work has created an intense excitement in Europe. Some doubt its genuineness, but the most eminent critics of France and principal literary gentlemen in England, who have examined the documents, have expressed themselves unanimously and decidedly that it is by Sir Walter Scott. M. Philarte Chasles, who was a personal friend of Sir Walter Scott, and is one of the most distinguished writers of France, says, after having examined Moredun, that it is so rich in humor, rapid and brilliant in its descriptions of scenery, and so attractive, that no mind but Sir Walter Scott's ever conceived it.
Paper covers 50 cents. For sale at
VICKERY & GRIFFITH'S.
City Book Store, 19 Main st., Norfolk, Va.
je 26

NEW FURNITURE AND PIANO ESTABLISHMENT,
ON MAIN STREET,
NORFOLK VA.
J. G. HODSDEN

HAVING taken the large store and warerooms on the North side of Main street, next to the site of the City Hotel, will keep a full and well selected assortment of
Ready Made Furniture, Pianos, &c.
His supply of Cabinet Furniture, Gilt and Mahogany framed Looking Glasses, Sofas, Chairs, Mattresses, Willow Ware, and other articles in his line, will be full and suitable to the demand of purchasers in town and country.
UNDERTAKING
will be attended to promptly and carefully.—Metallic Cases and Mahogany Coffins will be furnished at reasonable rates, and a beatiful hearse and good horses always kept in readiness.
Having much experience in the business, and being determined to deal fairly with all, he confidently solicits a share of the patronage of the public. Norfolk, Feb. 19, 1856.

BORUM & MCLEAN,
DEALERS IN
BAR AND BUNDLE IRON OF EVERY DESCRIPTION, FOR FARMING AND MANUFACTURING PURPOSES.
HORSE SHOES, NAIL RODS, AND WROUGHT NAILS AND SPIKES, &c.
MANUFACTURERS OF AGRICULTURAL AND FARMING IMPLEMENTS GENERALLY,
Horse Powers, Threshing Machines, Bamborough's and other celebrated Wheat and Corn Fans, always on hand.
FRESH GARDEN AND FIELD SEEDS.
Our Catalogue and Almanac is published the first of each year, and may be had, *gratis*, at our new Agricultural and Iron and Seed Depot, *No.* 11, Widewater Street, Norfolk, Va.

TO arrive per Mary Jane, also in store—
100 boxes Mould Candles
25 do Adamantine
25 do Sperm
60 do Soap
CARTER & LATHROP,
Wholesale Grocers and Commission Merchants,
feb 19 5 Roanoke sqr., Norfolk.

NORFOLK,

POET'S CORNER.

FOUND DEAD.

BY ALBERT LAIGHMAN.

Found dead—dead and alone,
There was nobody near, nobody near,
When the Outcast died on his pillow of stone—
No mother, no brother, no sister dear,
Not a friendly voice to soothe or cheer,
Not a watching eye or pitying tear.
Found dead—dead and alone
In the roofless street, on a pillow of stone.

Many a weary day went by,
While wretched and worn he begged for bread,
Tired of life, and longing to lie
Peacefully with the silent dead.
Hunger and cold, and scorn and pain,
Had wasted his form and seared his brain,
Till at last on a bed of frozen ground,
With a pillow of stone, was the Outcast found.

Found dead—dead and alone
On a pillow of stone in the roofless street—
Nobody heard his last faint moan,
Or knew when his heart had ceased to beat,
No mourner lingered with tears or sighs,
But the stars looked down with pitying eyes,
And the chill winds passed with a wailing sound
O'er the lonely spot where his form was found

Found dead—yet *not* alone;
There was somebody near—somebody near
To claim the wanderer as his own,
And find a home for the homeless here.
One when every human door
Is closed to his children, scorned and poor,
Who opens the Heavenly portal wide;
Ah! God was near when the Outcast died.

A STRAY ADVERTISEMENT.

Wanted a hand to hold my own,
As down life's vale I glide;
Wanted, an arm to lean upon,
Forever by my side.

Wanted, a firm and steady foot,
With step secure and free,
To take its straight and onward pace
Over life's path with me.

Wanted, a form erect and high;
Ahead above my own
So much that I might walk beneath
Its shadow o'er me thrown

Wanted, an eye, within whose depth
Mine own might look and see
Uprisings from a guileless heart,
O'erflown with love for me.

Wanted, a lip, whose kindest smile
Would speak for me alone,
A voice whose richest melody
Would breathe affection's tone.

Wanted, a true religious soul,
To pious purpose given,
With whom mine own might pass along
The road that leads to heaven.

GENERAL SELECTIONS.

AN INCIDENT.—At some of our restaurants a metal check very much like a quarter, is given to the customer, as a ticket of what he has to pay. A simple-minded Hibernian, who had just arrived in New York from Tipperary, going into one of the restaurants, called for dinner; when the waiter had brought it, he, as usual, laid down the metal counter. Paddy, astonished, said to himself:

'Be Jabers, this is the land for me; when a man asks for some dinner, they give him a bit of money to buy a cup of whiskey, into the bargain.'

When he had swallowed his meal the delighted Paddy was leaving, when he was stopped by the waiter with,

'Hallo! where's your money—are you going without paying?'

Paddy stopped, and taking the metal counter from his pocket said,

'Botheration take ye all, ye spalpeens, why would ye be after giving me a bit of money at all at all, if ye meant to take it away again. Take your dirty money!—Perhaps ye'll be after wishing me to return my dinner to ye again.'

So saying, he threw the metal ticket down on the counter, and marched off in a state of virtuous indignation.

AN AMUSING MISTAKE.—A gentleman of Dount was going out in his carriage to make some calls with his wife, when she ordered that he had left his visiting cards, he ordered his footman, recently come into his service, to go to the mantelpiece in his sitting room, and bring the cards he should see there. The servant did as he was ordered, retained the articles to be used as he was directed, and off started the gentleman, sending in the footman with cards wherever the 'not at home' occurred. As those were very numerous, he turned to the servant with the question—'How many cards have you left?' 'Well, sir,' says the footman, very innocently, 'there's the king of spades, the six of hearts and the ace of clubs'—'The deuce!' exclaimed his master. 'That's gone,' said John.—*N. Y. Mirror*.

A MARRYING MAN.—A few days ago Judge Perrin of this city, married a man for the fifth time. A singular coincidence in the case is that the fifth wife was also the third wife. The third marriage not proving a happy one, the parties were separated and were divorced. The man married again, and when death claimed his fourth wife, the disconsolate widower returned to number three, and wooed and won her.—Judge Perrin thinks he has tied them up effectually this time. The lucky man had the impudence to claim a reduction of the marriage fee in consequence of the large business he had been doing in that line.—We think he ought to have been charged double price.—*Covington Journal*.

A FULL GROWN 'SCHOOLMARM.'—There is a schoolmistress teaching school in the town of Lisbon, who stands in her stocking feet, six feet seven inches. Her name is Wilkinson, and we are informed she is the shortest of a family of four children, three women and one man, whose united length is over twenty-eight feet six inches. 'There were giants in those days.'—*Ogdensburg Sentinel*.

☞ During the search 'instituted' by the editor of the Newark Times for female compositors, it is reported that the following short dialogue took place:

Brister—'Good morning Mr. Henpeck: have you got any daughters that would make good type setters?'

Henpeck.—'No, but I've got a wife that would make a very fine devil.'

INDUSTRY.—As the sweetest rose grows upon the sharpest prickle, so the hardest labours bring forth the sweetest profit.

ELEGANT CABINET WARE, FURNITURE &c.

T. F. PARR, & Co., at the old-established stand of Caleb Sykes, have now on hand a varied assortment of elegant Furniture, such as Sofas, Chairs, Tables, Wardrobes, Sideboards, &c., &c., which they offer to the public on such terms as cannot fail to give entire satisfaction. They are also prepared to *manufacture* any and every article of

FURNITURE

at may be called for, at the shortest notice, o be best material, and in the most workmanlike manner. Call and give us your orders.

We also keep constantly on hand a large assortment of

METALLIC COFFINS,

of all sizes. We will also furnish Mahogany, Walnut or other Coffins to order. And having procured a new and elegant HEARSE, we are prepared to carry on the UNDERTAKING business in all its branches.

Thankful for the liberal patronage hitherto bestowed, we respectfully solicit a continuance of the same, assuring the public that no effort will be spared on our part to give entire satisfaction.

nov 14 T. F. PARR & Co.

CARPETS, OIL-CLOTHS, &c.

At Low Prices for Cash!

GEORGE E. L. HYATT,

Nos 444 and 446 Pearl-Street, (near Chatham,) NEW YORK.

HAS NOW IN STORE, AND IS CONstantly receiving a well assorted stock of CARPETS, OIL-CLOTHS, &c., to which he invites public attention, believing that an examination of both quality and prices will prove satisfactory to Merchants and to Purchasers generally, who buy for Cash. His stock consists of

RICH VELVET TAPESTRY & BRUSSELS CARPETS, IN NEW designs;

SUPERIOR ENGLISH & AMERICAN 3-PLY, and ingrain carpets:

Comprising many NEW PATTERNS, made expressly for first-class trade.—Also.—

Twilled and plain VENETIAN HALL and STAIR CARPETS.

OIL-CLOTHS, in widths from 2 to 24 feet, IN various qualities.

Rich Mosaic, Tufted and Common Hearth Rugs and Door-Mats of different sorts.

Table and Piano Covers of Choice Patterns.

4-4, 5-4 and 6-4 Plaid and Plain Mattings.

Window Shades of Desirable Styles.

Stair-Coverings, Stair-Rods, and all other articles usually kept in Carpet Stores.

HE IS ALSO AGENT FOR SELLING

Clarbart & Nice's Power Loom Three-ply and Ingrain Carpets, as well as Barber's Auburn Prison-made Brussels 3-ply, Ingrain and Venetian Carpets and Rugs.

All which will be fairly represented to purchasers and sold at fair prices.

WHOLESALE HARDWARE, CUTLERY AND GUN HOUSE.

1855. SPRING SUPPLIES. 1855.

MANUFACTURER'S AGENTS FOR THE SALE OF ENGLISH, AMERICAN AND GERMAN HARDWARE.

ALLYN, ROSE & CAPPS take pleasure in announcing to the merchants of Virginia and North Carolina that their spring supplies of Hardware are now arriving, by direct importation and from the manufacturers in this country. Their stock will be large and varied to suit the wants of the Country Merchants especially, and will be disposed of by wholesale at prices which shall be satisfactory in all respects to the purchaser.—A full and thorough examination is respectfully solicited from all, especially those who have been in the habit of going further north.

Our stock will comprise in part the following goods:

LEADING ARTICLES.

Axes, all patterns
Anvils, Smiths' Bellows, Sledge and Hand Hammers, Vices, Screw Plates, Stock and Dies, Peels, Ovens, Spiders, &c
Pen, Pocket and Table Cutlery, of Rogers', Wostenholm's and other makes
House Carpenter's Tools of every variety
Drawing Knives, 6 to 12 inches
Every variety of Locks, Hinges and Screws
Hand, Cross, Pit and Circular Saws
Every article connected with Saw Mills and Machinery in general.

GRAND OPENING OF SPRING GOODS AT THE BEE HIVE.

JUST opening this morning a magnificent stock of new and fashionable Spring Goods, among which are Rich Silks of the latest importations

Black Silks of the best makes and warranted to be as represented.
Light Silks, stripes and solids, all colors
Embroideries of every kind, in band and collars, Sleeves, Flouncing and insertings.
Linen Handkfs, and everything found in a complete assortment of Lace Goods
Ginghams and Prints of entirely new styles.
Lawns, &c.

Those who wish to buy a choice article in the Dry Goods line can find it at the

BEE HIVE, No. 33 Main street,
Norfolk, Virginia,
Mar. 4. JAMES SMITH, Proprietor.

BOOK BINDERY AND BLANK BOOK MANUFACTORY.

VICKERY & GRIFFITH would respectfully inform their friends that they have at considerable expense fitted up a complete and extensive Book Bindery and Blank Book Manufactory, and having engaged the services of competent and experienced workmen, they are prepared to manufacture Blank Books of every description of binding and style of ruling; and to bind magazines, music and printed books of every kind in the best manner and on as reasonable terms as any establishment in the United States; and it is hoped that a generous public will patronize and sustain this enterprise, which has been so long and so much needed in the city of Norfolk.

☞ Merchants, Clerks of Courts and Bank Officers, will find it greatly to their advantage to have their Blank Books made at this establishment, as no pains will be spared to give perfect satisfaction, both as regards quality and price.

Norfolk, oc 25

TIN WARE
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

THOS. R. SMALL & CO. RESPECTFULLY inform the Merchants of Virginia and N. Carolina, to call and examine their large and complete stock of Tin Ware, of their own manufacture, comprising every article usually sold by them. Having none but the best of workmen, we feel satisfied that our goods for style, durability, elegance and cheapness cannot be surpassed by any establishment in the Union.

MERCHANTS' WARE.

Coffee Pots, 1 to 10 quarts, plain and riveted,
" Boilers, 2 to 10 " " " "
Covered Pails, pint to 20 quart,
Pans, 1 quart to 10 do
Wash Bowls, 3 sizes
Dish Pans, 4 sizes, round and oval
Sauce Pans, pint to 8 quarts
Milk Strainers, plain and patent
Milking Pails, Candle Moulds
Measures, ½ gill to gallon, Oil Cans, 1 to 10 gallons,
Oil Stands, 15 gallons to 100 gallons,
Funnels, Cups, ½ pint, pint and quart
Scoops of all sizes.

Japanned Goods of every description, with the largest assortment of Britannia Ware, Lamps Lanterns &c., and in fact everything usually kept in a House Furnishing establishment.—Give us a call as we are determined to sell at the lowest prices.

Our Ware will be warranted in all cases. Remember the Sign of the Mammoth Oestrich Show Case.

J. R. SMALL & CO.
Southern Tin, Copper and Stove Depot, No. 6 Union street. mh 4

A PROCLAMATION,

By his Excellency THOMAS BRAGG, *Governor of the State of North Carolina.*

WHEREAS, an act was passed by the last General Assembly of this State, by a vote of three-fifths of all the members thereof, a duly certified copy of which is as follows:

AN ACT to amend the Constitution of the State of North Carolina.

Whereas, A large number of the people are disfranchised by the freehold qualification now required of voters for members of the Senate—Therefore,

SEC. 1. *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of North Carolina, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same,* (three-fifths of the whole number of members of each House concurring.) That the 2d clause of the 1st section of the 1st article of the amended Constitution, ratified by the people of North Carolina on the second Monday of November, in the year of our Lord eighteen hundred and thirty-five, shall be amended to read as follows: Every free white man of the age of twenty-one years, being a native or naturalized citizen of the United States, and who has been an inhabitant of the State for twelve months immediately preceding the day of any election, and shall have paid public taxes, shall be entitled to vote for a member of the Senate for the district in which he resides.

SEC. 2. *Be it further enacted*, That the Governor of the State be, and he is hereby directed to issue his proclamation to the people of North Carolina, at least six months before the next election for members of the General Assembly setting forth the purport of this act, and the amendment to the Constitution herein proposed, which proclamation shall be accompanied by a true and perfect copy of the act, authenticated by the certificate of the Secretary of State, and both the proclamation and the copy of this act, the Governor of the State shall cause to be published in ten newspapers of this State, at least six months before the election of members to the General Assembly.

Read three times and ratified in General Assembly this 3d day of February, 1855.

SAML P. HILL,
Speaker of the House of Commons.
WARREN WINSLOW,
Speaker of the Senate.

I, William Hill, Secretary of State, in and for the State of North Carolina, do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true copy of the original as ratified and on file in this office.

Given under my hand this 24th day of January, 1856.

W. HILL,
Secretary of State.

Now, therefore, in conformity to the Constitution of the State and the requirements of the aforesaid act, I do issue this my Proclamation, making known to the people of North Carolina the provisions of said act and the amendment thereby proposed to be made to the Constitution of the State, and do cause the same to be published in ten newspapers of this State six months before the election of members of the next General Assembly.

In testimony whereof I, Thomas Bragg, Governor of the State of North Carolina, have hereto set my hand and caused
[L. S.] the great seal of the State to be hereto affixed. Done at the city of Raleigh, this the 24th day of January, A. D. 1856, and in the 80th year of our Independence.

THOMAS BRAGG.

By the Governor:
PULASKI COWPER,
Private Secretary.

Raleigh, January 24, 1856. [feb 5-6m]

MECHANIC'S HOTEL,

ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.

THE Subscriber announces to the public that he has taken the spacious house formerly kept by Elihu Williams, dec'd, and opened it for the accommodation of the public. He is now prepared to accommodate from twenty to twenty-five boarders comfortably. His table shall at all times be supplied with the best the market will afford, and every effort will be made to give entire satisfaction to all who may favor him with their patronage.

TERMS:

Board, per day 75
" " week, 3.50
" " month, 15.00

S. S. DAVIS, Proprietor.

Jan. 29—1y

STRAW CUTTERS.

SINCLAIR'S SCREW PROPELLER Straw Cutters. Price $30. Cut Straw, Sticks, Fodder, Oats and all kinds of feed for stock, in the best manner.

Also our new Straw Cutters, with 1 knife very simple, and cuts all kind of food.

Harvey's Raw hide Cutter, Smith's Virginia, do.

Boston cheap " " Daniel's Patent do all for sale at Factory prices.

Wheat and Corn Fans, all sizes and kinds, and prices to suit.

BORUM & MCLEAN,
Farmer's Head Quarters,
aug 1 No. 11, Main st., Norfolk, Va

JUST RECEIVED

203 CASES STRAW GOODS.

ANTICIPATING AN EARLY AND LARGE trade I have laid in a very extensive assortment of

SPRING AND SUMMER HATS.

My stock is carefully selected of the largest manufactories in the United States and can trace every thing new and desirable, at prices that cannot fail to please. Merchants and the trade will find it to their advantage to call and examine, before purchasing elsewhere as I am determined to sell at the lowest rates, and on such terms as cannot be surpassed by any first class Wholesale Northern House.

R. H. STEVENS.
Practical Hatter,
No. 7, Market Square, Norfolk Va.
Feb. 26

TIN WARE AND SHEET IRON ESTABLISHMENT.

I WOULD RESPECTFULLY CALL THE attention of the citizens of Elizabeth City and surrounding country, to the fact, that I have located myself in this place, for the purpose of carrying on the

TIN AND SHEET IRON

business in its various branches and forms.—Being a practical workman, I flatter myself that my work I may be favored with will prove perfectly satisfactory.

I shall keep constantly on hand Coffee Pots Buckets, Pans, Cups, Ice Cream Freezers and in fact every thing generally kept in an establishment of the kind

Bathing apparatus of every description made to order.

Roofing, Guttering and Spouting done in the best and most substantial manner, on reasonable terms.

Old Copper, Brass, Pewter and Lead bought or taken in exchange for new work.

Store on Road street, next to the Boot and Shoe Store of Messrs. Knox & Jackson.

july 10—tf THOS. J. MISKELL.

NOTICE.

THE Subscriber having established himself at Little River Bridge, near Woodville, N C., is prepared to make up all kinds of Cabinet Furniture to order, and to do every description of repairing, at the shortest notice and on the most agreeable terms.

He has on hand a large supply of Mahogany, Cherry, Poplar, Walnut and other materials for making Coffins. Also, a fine selection of Metalic Coffins. A neat hearse, gentle horse and careful driver, will be furnished when desired.

CALEB SIKES

May 1, 1855—tf.

HOUSE CARPENTERS.

ALLYN, ROSE & CAPPS,

HAVE just received a sample lot of very superior full size Planes, from a new maker—celebrated for their superiority of finish as well as size and weight. Consisting of the following:

Bench Planes, Box Wood do., Match do.,
Hollows and Rounds do., Double Box Wood Smooth do.

With many other patterns of Planes, and a large variety of **General House Carpenters Hardware.**

Call and see us. dec 18

BOOKS AND STATIONERY.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

VICKERY & GRIFFITH, No. 19 Main street, Norfolk, Va., offer to the city and country trade, the largest stock of Books and Stationery ever before offered in this market.

Believing that the wants of the city and surrounding country, will sustain an establishment conducted on as extensive a scale as those found in the largest cities of the Union, they have been induced greatly to increase their stock, and have, during the last two or three weeks, purchased in the Northern and Eastern markets, (on the very best terms) a large supply of books in every department of literature, together with all foreign and domestic stationery, which they now offer for sale on as good terms as any establishment in the United States, and all together worthy of the patronage of an intelligent community.

They have made arrangements with all the principal publishers of the country, to be supplied with new publications, as soon as issued from the press. They have also obtained the agency of all the leading periodicals published in England and in this country, which they will furnish at the subscription prices.

All foreign books not on hand will be imported to order. V. & G. have connected with their store a very extensive Bookbindery and Blank book Manufactory, and with competent and experienced workmen, they are prepared to manufacture all kinds of Blank Books with punctuality and dispatch, and to bind printed books in the improved style.

Schools, Colleges and Libaries furnished with books on the most liberal terms.

Country merchants and strangers visiting the city will please examine our stock before going else where.

Norfolk Va., Jan. 15, 1856.

HEAR! HEAR!

Just opened at the celebrated

"BEE HIVE."

A GRAND assortment of Cloaks, in styles unsurpassed and prices unheard of.

Who ever heard of buying a nice Cloak lined through and trimmed in the newest style for the small sum of $2, 50c. Nobody, only at the 'Bee Hive' where they are accustomed to such prices. Together with the above can be found Cloaks made of the finest quality of Cloth and Satin, made expressly for the trade and warranted to be cheaper and better than any in the South: colors Black, Tan, Green, Brown, Gray and any color asked for. In the same department can be found Shawls in Black, Plaid and Plain of all the desirable styles at corresponding low prices.

5000 yards fine English Merino, very superior qualities, which will be sold for 40 cents per yard, worth 62½ cents. Also, Blankets, Flannels and every sort of goods to be found in a well assorted stock of Dry Goods. On examination of the stock it will prove to the most sceptical that the "Bee Hive" is the Depot to buy Cloaks, Shawls and Dry Goods generally.

JAMES SMITH,
nov 27 No. 33 Main street, Norfolk.

MODE DE PARIS.

I TAKE GREAT PLEASURE IN ANNOUNCing to my customers and the public, that I have just opened a splendid assortment of

PARIS HATS,

Opera, Merino, Silk and Mourning, a new article, the first ever imported in America; fashionable dress Mole Skin, and soft rich and elegant of superior quality, and a great variety of Canes, personally selected during my late tour in Europe. Those wishing a Paris Hat or one of my own make, as celebrated for their elegance, style, durability and cheapness, are respectfully invited to give me an early call.

R. H. STEVENS, Practical Hatter,
dec 4 No. 7 Market Square Norfolk Va.

TEMPLE OF FASHION,
NO. 7, MARKET SQUARE,
Norfolk, Va.

THE Proprietor is happy to inform the merchants and citizens of the old North State, that his store is now open, and he is prepared to execute every order from one hat to a Case in the most fashionable style, and at the shortest possible notice.

Every arrival from the North will add fresh and the most approved styles of gentlemen's **HATS, CAPS, CANES, BOYS' CAPS, LADIES' FURS, BUFFALO, WOLF, COON, FOX ROBES, DRIVING AND DUCKING GLOVES,** and a full and complete assortment is effected. A call from my old friends and customers is solicited.

R. H. STEVENS,
nov 6 Practical Hatter

THE

E. CITY, BOOT AND SHOE STORE

KNOX & JACKSON,
(Successors to J. M. Wheelbee,)

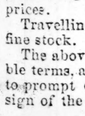
WOULD inform their friends and the public generally, that they have just received from Philadelphia, a large and varied assortment of

Boots, Shoes, Hats, Caps, Trunks, &c.

Their stock, if examined, will be found to consist of the following articles:—Ladies' boots and shoes, Gaiter boots, black, fawn, bronze and other colors; Linen gaiters; English and French kid; French and American Morocco slippers, thick and thin soled: a superior bronzed slipper, besides various low-priced boots and slippers. Misses' boots, bootees and slippers; black, bronze and other colored gaiters; French Morocco, goat, patent leather, and other boots; black, blue and bronze slippers, various styles. Children's boots, bootees, and gaiter boots; Morocco welt; assorted lace do.; colored gaiter do. of superior quality.

GENTLEMEN'S WEAR.—Superior French calf-skin boots: American do.; patent leather do., a superior article; pegged boots of various styles from $2 to $5; Gaiter boots, Scotch brogans Congress calf boots; various styles of kip, calf, and Morocco boots; bootees; kip brogans, &c.

BOYS' WEAR.—Calf and kip boots; calf and kip brogans, and a very superior article of boys patent Montgomery's; youths' boots; bootees and shoes of same qualities and styles.



HATS AND TRUNKS.—A large assortment of various styles, from a 50 cents wool hat, to a $5 silk beaver, including every variety between said prices.

Travelling and sulky Trunks, and Valises, a fine stock.

The above goods have been laid in on favorable terms, and will be sold at reasonable profits to prompt customers. Be sure to call at the sign of the Black Boot on Road Street.

KNOX & JACKSON.
E City, April 24, 1855.

DISSOLUTION OF CO-PARTNERSHIP.

THE firm heretofore existing under the style of JONES & BUTT has been dissolved by mutual consent. The business will hereafter be conducted by ARTHUR JONES, on his individual account; and those who may want any description of riding vehicle—Carriage, Rockaway, Buggy, Sulkey, &c.—or who may want any work done in the Coach Manufacturing or repairing line, are assured that their wants will be supplied and their orders executed at the shortest notice, in the most faithful manner, and on the most accommodating terms.

ARTHUR JONES.

THE subscriber returns his sincere thanks to his many friends who patronized him while a member of the firm of Jones & Butt, and respectfully solicits a continuance of the same to Mr. Jones, who will in future conduct the business in his own name.

GEORGE S. BUTT.
Oct. 16, 1855.

SALT! SALT!!

THE subscriber has in store and for sale
1000 Bush St. Ubes Salt,
500 Bush. Cadiz salt.

B. T. MILLER,
nov 20 Broadwater Street.

MILK LEG, DREADFUL ULCER—PALPITATION, WEAKNESS—MOTHER AND DAUGHTER CURED—HAMPTON'S TINCTURE TRIUMPHANT!

HUNDREDS OF OUR OWN CITIZENS, the Rich, the Poor, everywhere, bear the same TESTIMONY.

Read the following certificate from a lady, endorsed by Postmaster E. P. Cooper:

CAPON BRIDGE,
Hampshire county, Va., March 1, 1854.

Mr. E. P. Cooper.—Dear Sir: Agreeable to your request and my own desire to benefit the afflicted, I hereby certify the great relief I received from the use of HAMPTON'S VEGETABLE TINCTURE.

I was taken with a violent palpitation, or rather fluttering of the heart, which continued several days: it seemed as though my heart had almost forgotten its office. The family became alarmed and procured a bottle of this valuable medicine, and before I had taken near one bottle of this valuable medicine, and before I had taken near one bottle of this TINCTURE OF HAMPTON'S I was entirely relieved.

This is the third instance of relief in my family by the use of this valuable medicine. Two or three years ago, I was laid up with ulceration of my ankle, from the effect of what is usually called a milk leg. I had lost all taste and appetite: and the sore which was some four inches up and down, and half-way around my ankle, rejected every effort to heal it, until I procured HAMPTON'S VEGETABLE TINCTURE, one bottle of which restored my health healed my ankle, and I am freer from swelling than the last thirty years.

Again, one of my daughters was very low from severe disentery, and when she began to sit up her feet commenced swelling which increased every day, to be very painful—she used a bottle of Hampton's Tincture; the pains were assuaged, the swellings subsided and her health returned—we kept her legs bandaged with strips of woollen until her strength returned.

I have been thus particular, that others, under similar circumstances, might be induced to avail themselves of this remedy.

Yours with respect.
ELIZABETH EDWARDS.

I do hereby certify that I am personally acquainted with Mrs. Edwards, and can safely recommend the above statement to be correct.

E. P. COOPER, Postmaster.
Capon Bridge, Hampshire co., Va.

☞ Delicate ladies and children will please give it a trial.

REV. VERNON ESKRIDGE, U. S. N.
Portsmouth, Va., Aug., 18, 1851.

Mr. J. E. Bousn.—Sir. While I am in general opposed to Patent Medicines, candor compels me to state, that I have great confidence in the virtues of HAMPTON'S VEGETABLE TINCTURE. For several months past I have used it in my family, and in dispepsia, loss of appetite, dizziness and general debility, with entire success. So far as my experience extends therefore, I take pleasure in recommending it to the afflicted, as a safe and efficient remedy.

I am respectfully yours,
VERNON ESKRIDGE.
Chaplain U. S. N.
Portsmouth, Va., Aug. 18, 1852.

THE FEMALE SYSTEM.
LIVER COMPLAINT, DEBILITY.

Extract from James Harris, Esq's Letter, Alexandria, Va.

After speaking of wonderful cures on himself, he says: "Mrs. H. has been suffering with the liver complaint and with debility, constantly complaining, from weakness, through her whole system. She now enjoys better health than for thirty years, being entirely restored by the use of Hampton's Vegetable Tincture."

DISEASED SIDE, BREAST AND EYES.

Extract from a Letter from J. Grimes, Esq., Loudon county, Va.

"My wife has been for years afflicted with great weakness, pain in the breast, side and back; palpitation of the heart; feebleness of the nervous system; loss of appetite; complexion sallow; the sight of one eye almost gone, the other very weak. I am pleased to say, Hampton's Tincture has restored her to perfect health. Her eyes are as good now as ever they were.

J. B. DYER,

DRAPER AND TAILOR,

ELIZABETH CITY, N. C.,

To his patrons in his immediate vicinity, those of Pasquotank and the adjacent counties, the undersigned would most respectfully tender his thanks for the liberality with which they have patronized his establishment, from its commencement to the present time.

In making his selections for the present Spring and ensuing Summer, emotions of gratitude and a desire to retain the favor and patronage of a discerning community, have had the happy effect of improving his judgment, and inducing an exercise of taste and fancy unsurpassed even by himself. As a part of his stock, to which he respectfully invites the early attention of the public generally, he enumerates the following, to wit:

CLOTHS and CASSIMERES—Blue, black, brown, green and fancy colored. VESTINGS—Cloth, cassimere, silk, satin, Marseilles, &c., both plain and figured, of every variety of color and shade. SHIRTS—Vergonia, silk, linen and linen-bosomed, of beautiful texture, style, quality and make. DRAWERS—Vergonia and finest twilled Jeans, cut and made in the most modern and approved styles. HALF-HOSE or SOCKS—Silk, thread, cotton, to please the most fastidious or accommodate the most economical. SUSPENDERS—Of every variety; a few indescribably elegant. STOCKS and CRAVATS—A most beautiful assortment of every shape, style and fancy. COLLARS—Of the old sort, new sort, and *a la Byron*. GLOVES—Cotton, silk, kid, black, white and colored. POCKET HANDKERCHIEFS—Silk and linen cambric of ordinary to extra quality, &c., &c.; together with a choice selection of trimmings to match those Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings, which he is prepared to have made up to order in the latest Northern and Parisian fashions, to suit his customers and sustain his reputation for good "fits" and fine work.

☞ A pretty good stock of French Fancy Cassimeres. Call early, and have your *measure taken*. Store immediately opposite the Boot and Shoe Store of Messrs. Knox & Jackson. See sign. JAMES B. DYER.

April 17, 1855.

CABINET MAKING.

WE the subscribers having purchased the CABINET ESTABLISHMENT of CALEB SYKES, with his entire fixings, materials, and stock of READY MADE FURNITURE and having secured the services of competent and experienced workmen, they beg leave to inform the public that they are now prepared to furnish or make to order any article in their line upon the most reasonable terms, upon the shortest notice, and in the highest finish and most approved patterns.

We are determined that our work shall lose nothing by comparison with the best northern manufacture, either in style, beauty or skill, and we therefore appeal to the public for not only a continuance, but an increase of the patronage that has been extended to our predecessor.

Metalic and other Coffins furnished upon the shortest notice.

T. PARR & CO.,
jy 18, 1854 Eliz. City, N. C

NEW FALL STOCK OF

MILLINERY GOODS!

THE subscriber takes occasion to return her most sincere acknowledgments to the ladies of Elizabeth City and surrounding country, for the very liberal patronage heretofore bestowed upon her, and to announce that she has taken the stand formerly occupied by Mrs. Esther Sikes, where she has laid in a large and well selected stock of

Millinery Goods, Bonnets, Ribbons, Artificial Flowers &c.

In addition to her own stock, she has bought out the entire stock of Mrs. Sarah Laboyteaux, just received from the North, which, together, constitute the largest and most attractive assortment of Millinery Goods ever offered in this Town. Ladies desirous of obtaining the latest and most approved styles of Bonnets, Ribbons, &c., will find it to their interest to give me a call.

MRS. M. C. CASEY.
Oct. 30—tf.

FOR SALE

The subscriber offers for sale, privately, on very accommodating terms, the staunch and strong schooner SARAH ANN, now in excellent sailing order. Apply to Henry Culpepper, or to the subscriber on board.

JEROME SIMMONS.
Eliz. City, Feb 5, 1856.

SURE CURE;

BALTIMORE LOCK HOSPITAL.

WHERE may be obtained the most speedy remedy for weakness or loss of Organic Powers, Pain in the Loins, Diseases of the Kidneys, Affections of the Head, Throat, Nose and Skin, Constitutional Debility, impediments to Marriage and all those horrid affections arising from indiscretions, no matter whether from intemperance, or the use of ardent spirits or any other cause.

TO YOUNG MEN,

especially who have become the victims of evil practices. Alas! what countless numbers of generous and noble-hearted beings have been swept to untimely tombs; thousands of young men of the most exalted talents and brilliant intellects, who might otherwise have entranced listening Senates with the thunders of eloquence, or waked to ecstacy the living lyre.

Those suffering from any of the following melancholy effects, should immediately apply to

DR. JOHNSTON.

Weakness of the Back and Limbs, Pains in the Head, Dimness of Sight, Loss of Muscular Power, Palpitation of the Heart, Dyspepsia, Nervous Irritability, Derangement of the Digestive Functions, General Debility, Symptoms of Consumption, &c., &c.

MENTALLY.—The fearful effects on the mind are much to be dreaded; loss of memory, Confusion of ideas, Depression of Spirits, Forebodings of Evil, Aversion of Society, Self-Distrust, Love of Solitude, Timidity, etc., are some of the evils produced.

OFFICE—No. 7, South Frederick Street, Seven Doors from Baltimore St., East side, up the steps. ☞ Be particular in observing the name and number, or you will mistake the place

A CURE WARRANTED OR NO PAY.

The many thousands cured at this Institution, and the very extensive practice of Dr. Johnston (exceeding all others) besides his standing as a gentleman of character and responsibility, is a sufficient guarantee that he is the only proper Physician to be consulted.

Dr. Johnston, member of the Royal College of Surgeons, London, Graduate from one of the most eminent Colleges of the United States, and the greater part of whose life has been spent in the Hospitals of London, Paris, Philadelphia, and elsewhere, has effected some of the most astonishing cures that were ever known. Many troubled with ringing in the ears and head when asleep, great nervousness, being alarmed at sudden sounds, and bashfulness, with frequent blushing, attended, sometimes, with derangement of mind, were cured immediately.

TAKE PARTICULAR NOTICE.

Parents and Guardians are often misled with respect to the cause or source of disease in their sons and wards. Alas! how often do they ascribe to other causes the wasting of the frame, Palpitation of Heart, Dyspepsia, Indigestion, derangement of the Nervous System, Cough, and Symptoms of Consumption, also those serious mental effects, such as loss of Memory, Depression of Spirits or peculiar fits of melancholy, when the truth is they have been caused by indulging in Pernicious but alluring practices, destructive to both body and mind. Thus are swept from existence thousands who might have been of use to their country, a pleasure to their friends and ornaments to society.

DR. JOHNSTON'S INVIGORATING REMEDY FOR ORGANIC WEAKNESS.

This grand and important Remedy has restored strength and vigor to thousands of the most debilitated individuals, many who had lost all hopes, and been abandoned to die. By its complete invigoration of the nervous system the whole faculties become restored to their proper power and functions, and the fallen fabric of life is raised up to beauty, consistency and duration, upon the ruins of an emaciated and premature decline, to sound and pristine health. Oh, how happy have hundreds of misguided youths been made, who have been suddenly restored to health from the devastations of those terrific maladies which result from indiscretion Such before contemplating

MARRIAGE,

should reflect that a sound mind and body are the most necessary requisites to promote connubial happiness. Indeed, without this, the journey through life becomes a weary pilgrimage, the prospects hourly darkens to the view; the mind is shadowed with despair and filled with the melancholy reflections that the happiness of another becomes blighted with our own. Let no false delicacy prevent you, but apply immediately.

He who places himself under the care of Dr. Johnston, may judiciously confide in his honor as a gentleman and confidently rely upon his skill as a Physician.

TO STRANGERS.

The many thousands cured at this institution within the last ten years, and the numerous important Surgical operations performed by Dr. J. witnessed by the Reporters of the papers and many other persons, notices of which appeared again and again before the public, is a sufficient guarantee that the afflicted will find a skilful and honorable physician.

N. B.—There are so many ignorant and worthless Quacks advertising themselves as Physicians, ruining the health of the already afflicted, that Dr. Johnston deems it necessary to say, especially to those unacquainted with his reputation that his credentials or diplomas always hang in his office.

Weakness of the Organs immediately cured, and full vigor restored.

☞ All Letters post-paid—remedies sent by mail.

WM. T. & J. M. HINTON,

DEALERS IN

DRY GOODS, GROCERIES,

READY-MADE CLOTHING

HATS, CAPS, &c.

HAS NOW RECEIVED HIS NEW STOCK of Fall and Winter goods for 1854. Read this list:

Black Silks and Bombazine, French and English Merinos, Figured Delanes of new designs, Silk and Wool Plaids, French and English Prints, High Col'd Ginghams, Silk and Cloth Talmas, Plaid and Cashmere Shawls, Plaid Alapacas, White and Red Flannels, Irish Linens.

Linen and Silk Handkerchiefs, Hosiery and Gloves, Woolen Shirts and Drawers, Worked Collars and Undersleeves, Hem Stitched Handkchf's, Laces and Fringes, Edgings and Insertions, Black and Fancy Cravats, Ribbons and Trimmings, Jackonet and Swiss Muslins, Crimped Dimity, Umbrellas, Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings, Ready-made Clothing, Carpeting and Carpet Rugs, Blankets, Brown and Bleached Muslins, Brown and Striped Osnaburgs.

White and Black Kerseys, Sheeps Greys, Linen and Cotton Shirting, Hats, Caps, Boots and Shoes, Hardware and Crockery.

GROCERIES.

Molasses, Syrups, Coffee, Brown, Clarified, Crushed and Pulverized Sugars, Black and Green Teas, Candles, Starch, Pepper, Spice, Indigo, Copperas, Soap, Lard, Camphor, Vinegar, &c., &c.

In calling the attention of my friends and the public to my stock of goods, I assure them that no pains will be spared to give perfect satisfaction.

ap 17 WM. T. & J. M HINTON,
Broadwater Street, E City, N. C.

WILLIAM T HINTON. [JOHN M. HINTON

WILLIAM T. & J. M HINTON,

DEALERS IN

DOMESTIC & FANCY DRY GOODS,

READY MADE CLOTHING,

HATS, CAPS, BOOTS AND SHOES

GROCERIES,

HARDWARE, CROCKERY, &c., &c.

Broadwater st, Elizabeth City,

WOULD most respectfully announce to their friends and the public, that they have now received their entire stock of SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS, which in large and complete, and all who are in want of Goods will do well to give us a call before purchasing elsewhere. We shall spare no pains in endeavoring to give PERFECT SATISFACTION to all our customers.

☞ All orders sent to us shall be faithfully and punctually executed.

my 8 W. T. & J. M. HINTON.

KEEP POSTED!

1000 Juniper Posts, on hand, and for sale by

dec 4 W. T. & J. M. HINTON